WaMoS II Wave Monitoring System

- An application of WaMoS II at Duck -

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Outline

WaMoS II
Installation at Duck
Statistical wave parameters
Sea surface elevation maps
Summary and Outlook



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Components of WaMoS II and applications



Remote PC

X-Band Radar image: Sea clutter



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WaMoS II radar images from the Dutch coast: Time series of 'sea clutter' image with directional unambiguity



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Corresponding frequency-direction spectrum



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Standard WaMoS II Output Parameters

- 2-dimensional frequency direction spectrum
- 2-dimensional wave number spectrum ٠
- 1-dimensional spectrum mean direction spread
- Wave length peak swell wind sea
- Wave direction peak swell wind sea
- peak swell wind sea Wave period ٠
- Significant wave height total
- Surface current ٠

- - swell wind sea speed and direction

Type approved for accuracy by DNV and GL:

- Significant wave height
- Wave period
- Wave direction
- Wave length

+/-10% (max. +/-0.5 m) +/- 0.5 s $+/-2^{\circ}$

+/-10%



WaMoS II User Interface

Individual configuration

Directional Wave Spectrum

Average Surface Curren



Radar Image

From February to October 2005.



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Directly measured sea state parameter: Peak wave period (Tp)Peak wave direction (θp)





Indirectly measured sea state parameter: Significant wave height (*Hs*) Wind at the pier



Correlation between Hs variation and wind



Radar imaging mechanism

Off-shore wind condition

On-shore wind condition



Correlation between Hs variation and wind



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Inversion Scheme (Nieto et al., 2004)

Sea Surface Elevation Maps









Radar Backscatter Image Duck, Sep. 6, 2005, 6:03 UTC



WaMoS II:	Hs θp 2.50m 9.9s 70°	Тр
Wave Rider:	2.66m 73°	8.5 s
Pressure gage:	2.66m 78°	8.2s

Sea surface elevation map Duck, Sep. 6, 2005, 6:03 UTC



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WaMoS II: Sea surface elevation Sep. 6, 2005, 06:03 UTC at the estimated position of the pressure gage 111



Sea surface elevation comparison

Sea surface elevation at the estimated position of the pressure gaugeWaMoS II : redPressure gage(ID 111): blue



- No exact location of the pressure gauge relativ to the radar antenna

- No time sychronisation between the two sensors

 $Hs \approx 4$ standard deviation of the surface elevation Hs = 1.87 m (pressure gage 111) Hs = 2.66 m (total pressure gage 3111)

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Conclusions and outlook

- WaMoS II delivers directional wave spectra and current parameters in real time on an operational basis
- Directly measured wave data (peak wave period and direction) are in good agreement with reference data
 - Due to coastal effects at Duck, the indirect measured wave parameter significant wave height is effected by the local wind
- The wind effect can be corrected, therefore independent wind
 measurements are recommended for specific coastal WaMoS II
 installations like at Duck
- Validation of wind correction algorithm
 - Duck

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- Other coastal installations
- Validation of WaMoS II sea surface elevation
 - Collocation of WaMoS II and pressure gage data