



A physical climate storyline for the Hercules (Christina) storm in Portugal – extreme coastal flooding under a changing climate

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Liechtenstein
Norway grants

REPÚBLICA

AMBIENTE E ACÃO CLIMÁTICA

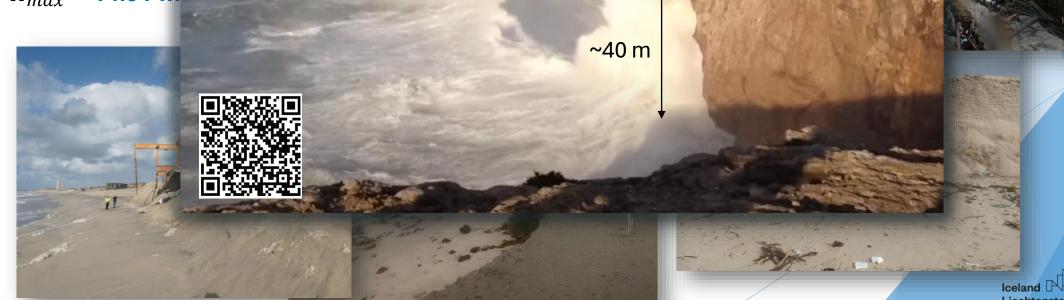




→ In January 2014, the swells from Hercules (Christina) storm produced one of the most extreme coastal er Cabo S. Vicente (Sagres – Algarve) in Portugal

→ Left more than 16 N infrastructure and indirect costs

→ Maximum measure $H_{max} = 14.91 \text{ m}$



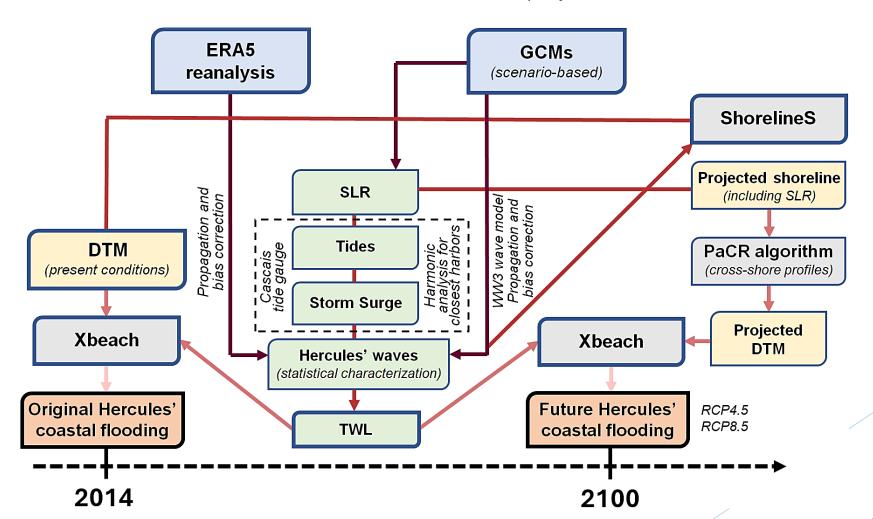
~40 m

20 m?

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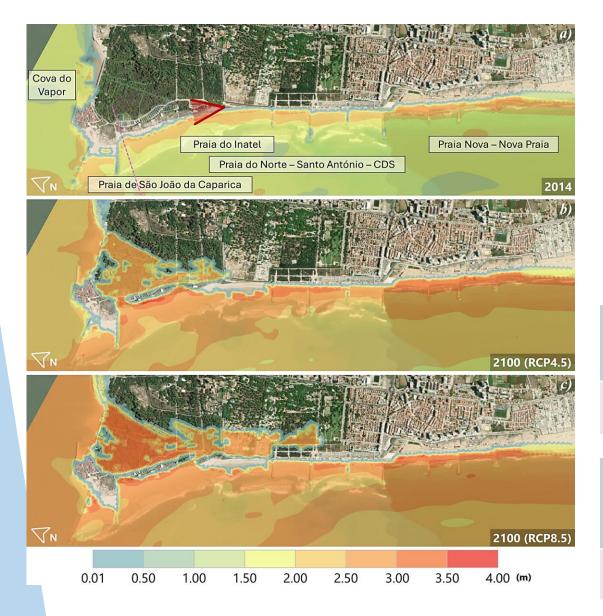
METHODS

- → 5 key-locations along the Portuguese coastline
- → 6-member ensemble of downscaled and bias corrected wave climate simulations and projections + ERA5 downscaled waves
- → 6-member ensemble of storm surge simulations and projections
- → 21-member ensemble of SLR projections
- → Tidal projections for the closest harbors





RESULTS (teaser)



Costa da Caparica (South of Lisbon)

2014

→ Generalized loss of sediment, with the dune coord retreating up to 15 m. Damages affected commerce and communication routes.

By the end of the 21st century

(independently of the scenario)

- → The further eroded dune coord is expected to break.
- → The seawall near Cova do Vapor is projected to be overtopped, isolating several hundred people.
- → Under RCP8.5, coastal flooding extends towards urbanized areas, just 200 m from habitational areas.

Coastal flooding areas	2014	2100 Hercules	2100 Hercules
	Hercules	(RCP4.5)	(RCP8.5)
	(km²)	(km²; ND in %)	(km²; ND in %)
All key- locations	1.198	2.279 (+90.2%)	2.918 (+144%)

•	Hercules R / C / I / S)	(RCP4.5) (R / C / I / S)	(RCP8.5) (R / C / I / S)
All key- 4 locations	4 / 16 / 1 /	148 / 51 / 1 / 29	352 / 79 / 1 / 37
	11 (72)	(229) +218%	(469) +551%





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