



Earth Sciences
New Zealand

What if Tropical Cyclone Gabrielle had hit Auckland?

Compound inundation from ~~waves~~, storm-surge and rainfall from Tropical Cyclone Gabrielle

Cyprien Bosserelle, Glen Reeve, Stuart Moore, Nava Fedaeff, Jorge Bornemann, Daryl Hook, Richard Turner



NIWA

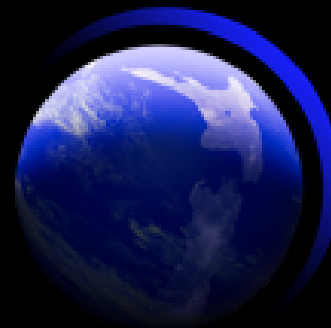
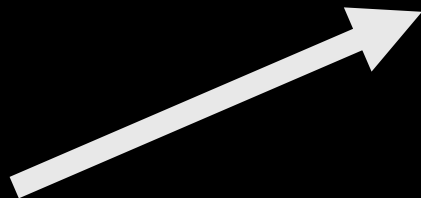
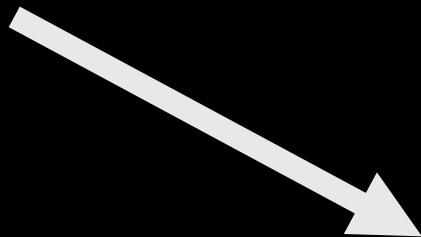
Taihoru Nukurangi



GNS

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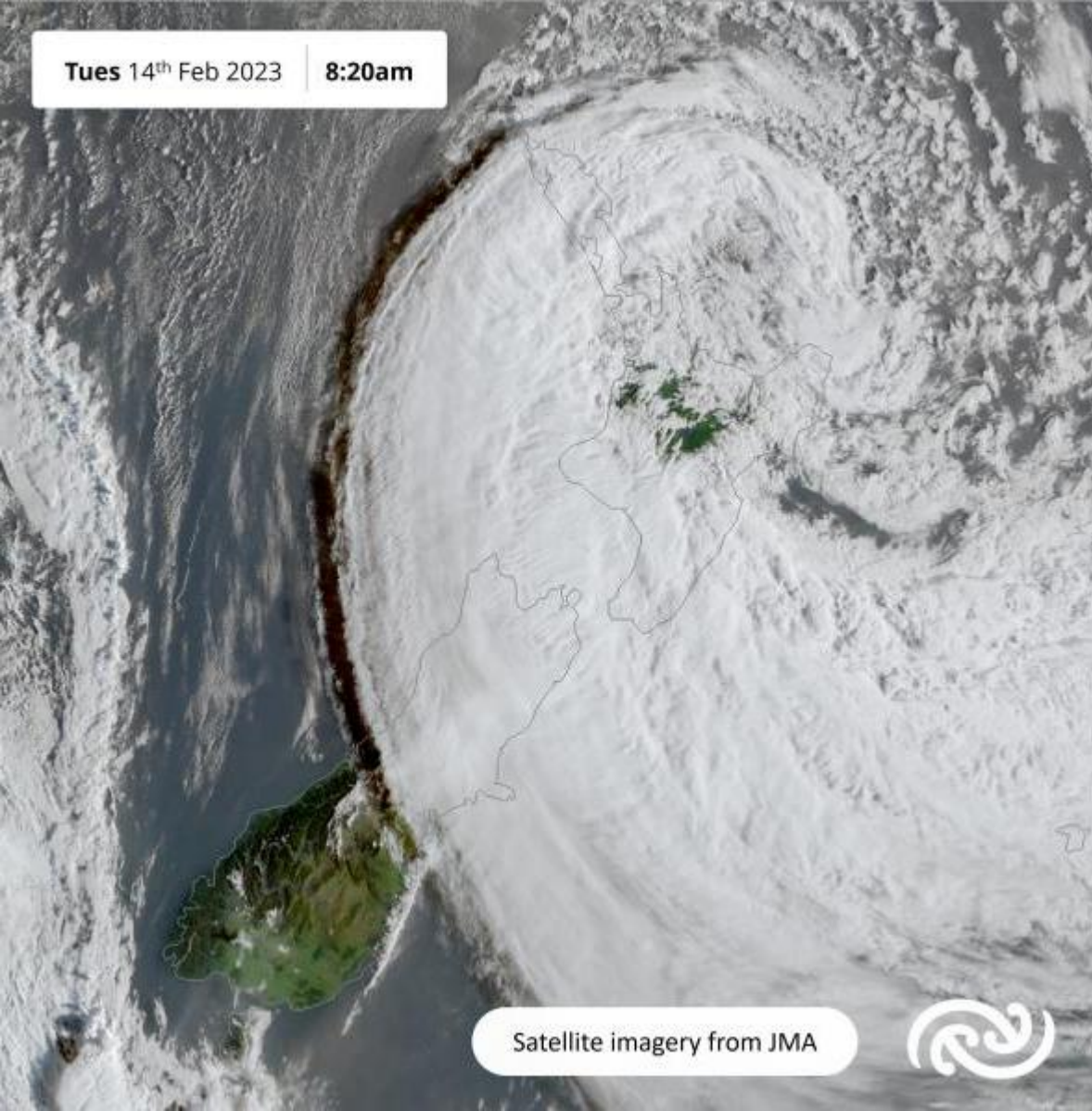


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Ex-Tropical Cyclone Gabrielle

Tues 14th Feb 2023 8:20am



Satellite imagery from JMA



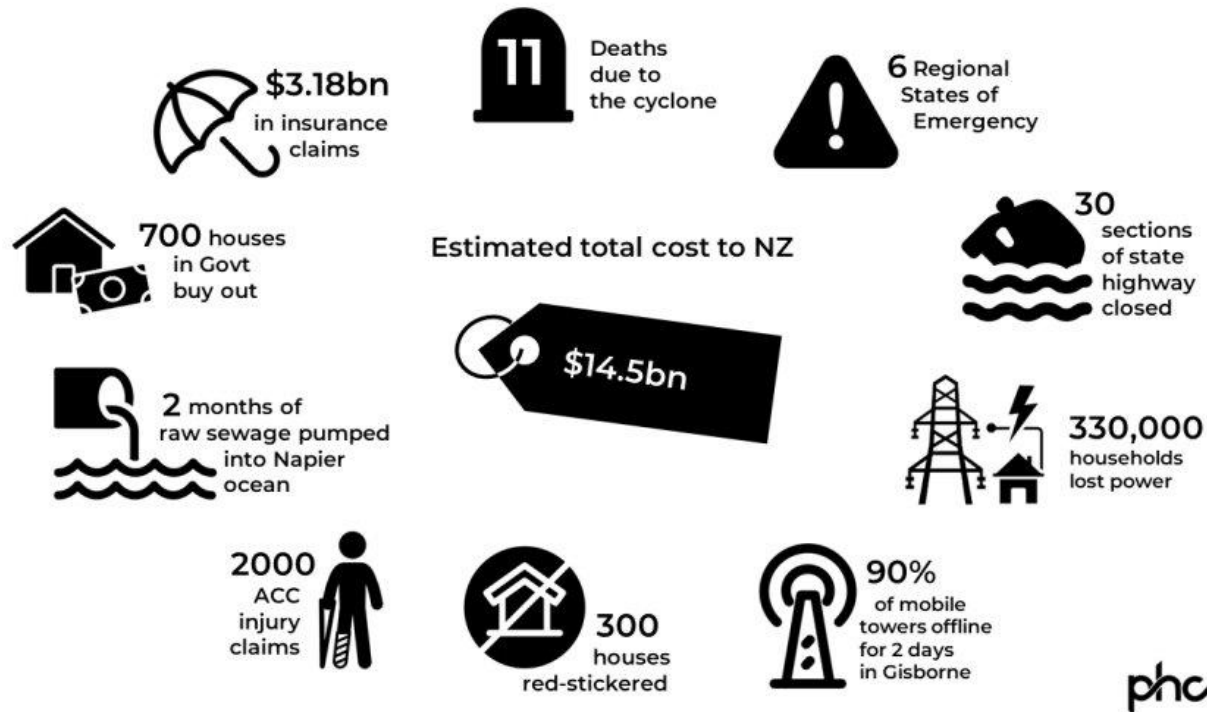
and Institute for Earth Science Limited

- Ex-TC ...Transitioning
- Quasi-stationary for 24 h due to blocking high pressure system
- Heavy rainfall and high Storm surge
- No trapped swell
- All ex-TC with name starting with “G” are bad for NZ. (e.g. Giselle, Gita, Gabrielle)

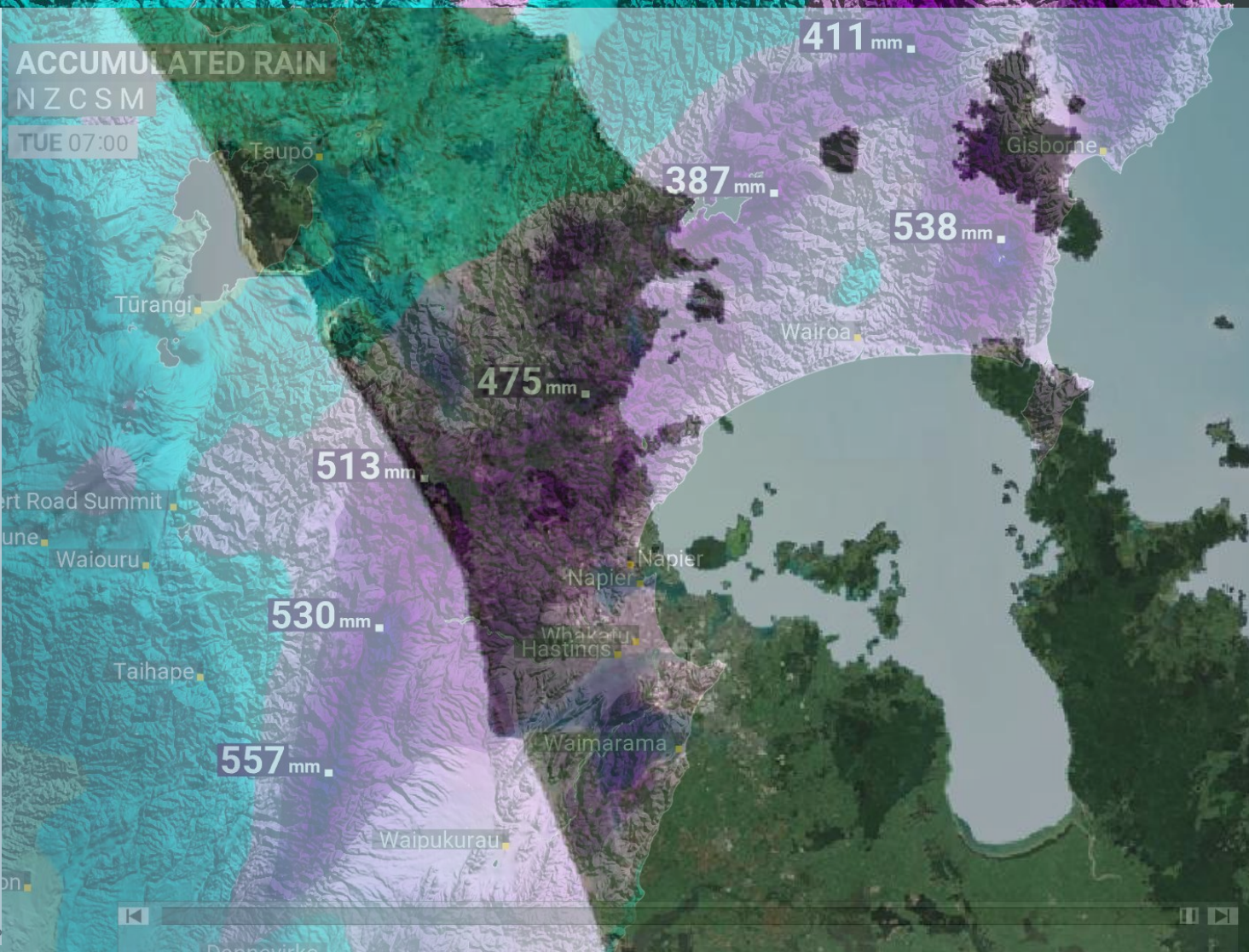
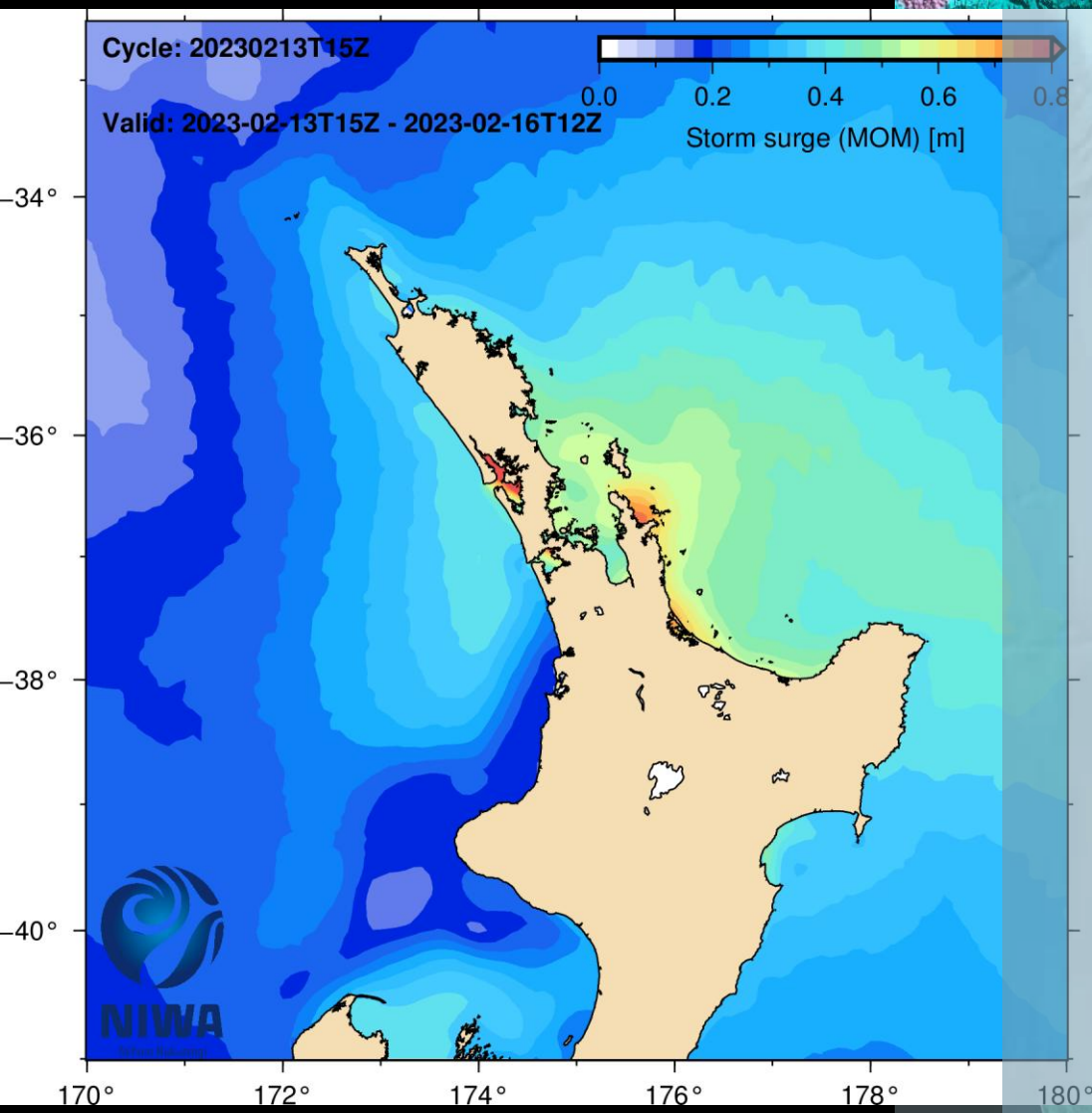
Impact in NZ



Photo: NZ Herald



Highest impact was in East Coast due to rain



Moving Earth (not heaven)

Boutle et al. (2021). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wace.2021.100395>

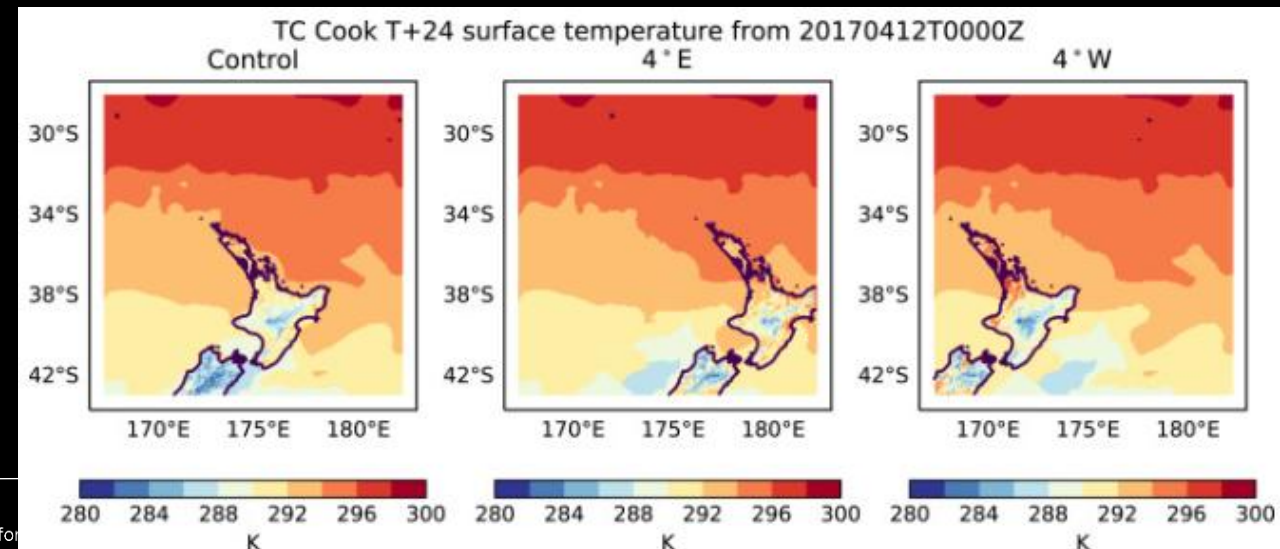
We can't move the cyclone track so we move the landmass

+ meteorological fields within the simulation are self consistent

- Boundary (sides, Upper Atm and SST) are unchanged
- Orography and impact of landmass on track is simulated

- SST is not shifted

- Also need to shift back forcing when analyzing impact (or shift assets)



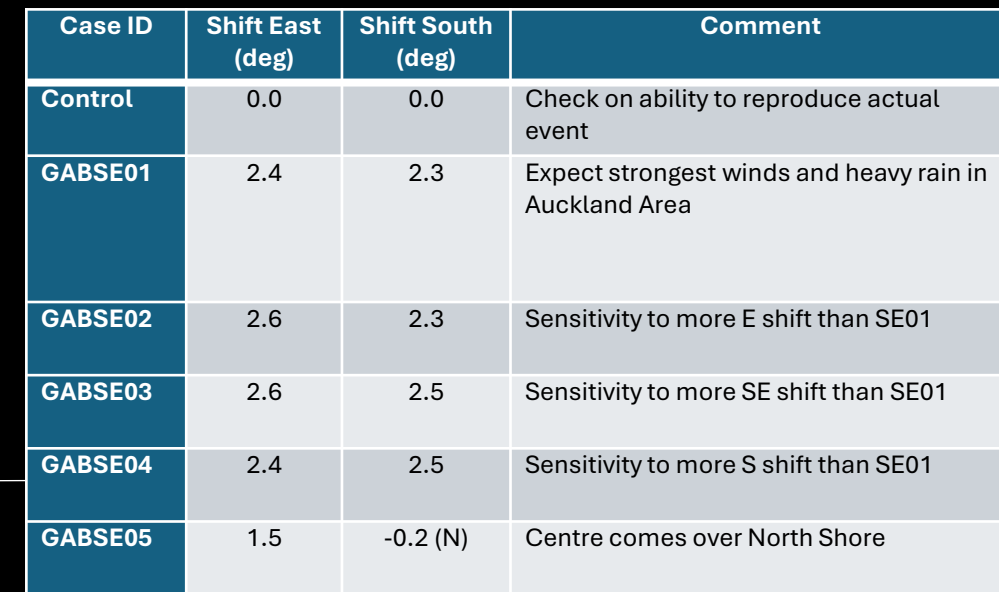
UM global Model

NZLAM

NZCSM

NZLAM + NZCSM

Contr



Case ID	Shift East (deg)	Shift South (deg)	Comment
Control	0.0	0.0	Check on ability to reproduce actual event
GABSE01	2.4	2.3	Expect strongest winds and heavy rain in Auckland Area
GABSE02	2.6	2.3	Sensitivity to more E shift than SE01
GABSE03	2.6	2.5	Sensitivity to more SE shift than SE01
GABSE04	2.4	2.5	Sensitivity to more S shift than SE01
GABSE05	1.5	-0.2 (N)	Centre comes over North Shore



NIWA

Wind

WED
1:00

08 Feb 2023

km/h

200

160

120

100

50

25

Auckland

Hamilton

Tauranga





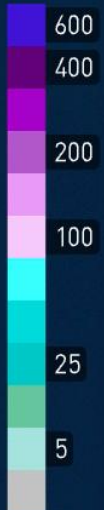
Accumulated Rain

Prior 48 Hours

WED
1:00

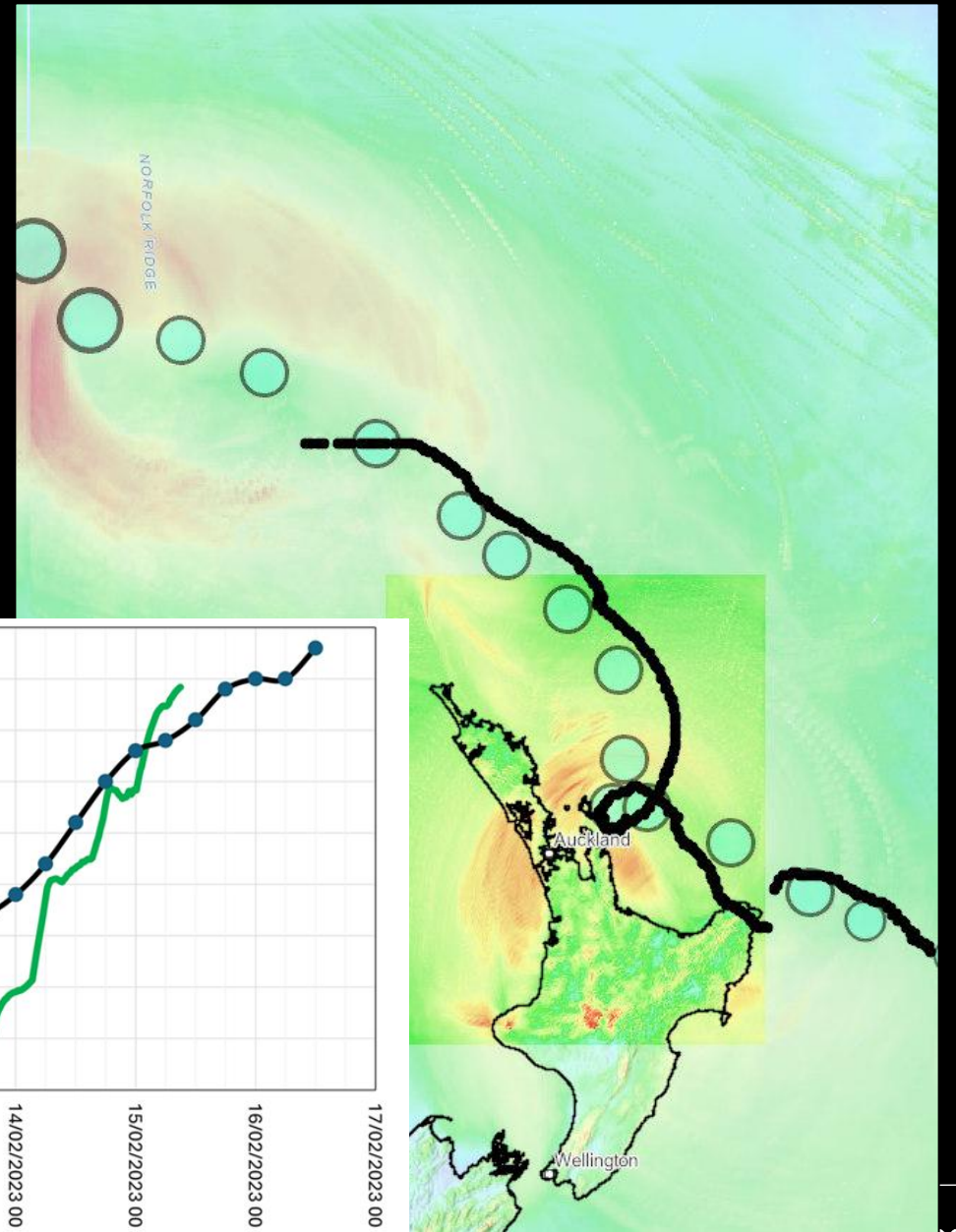
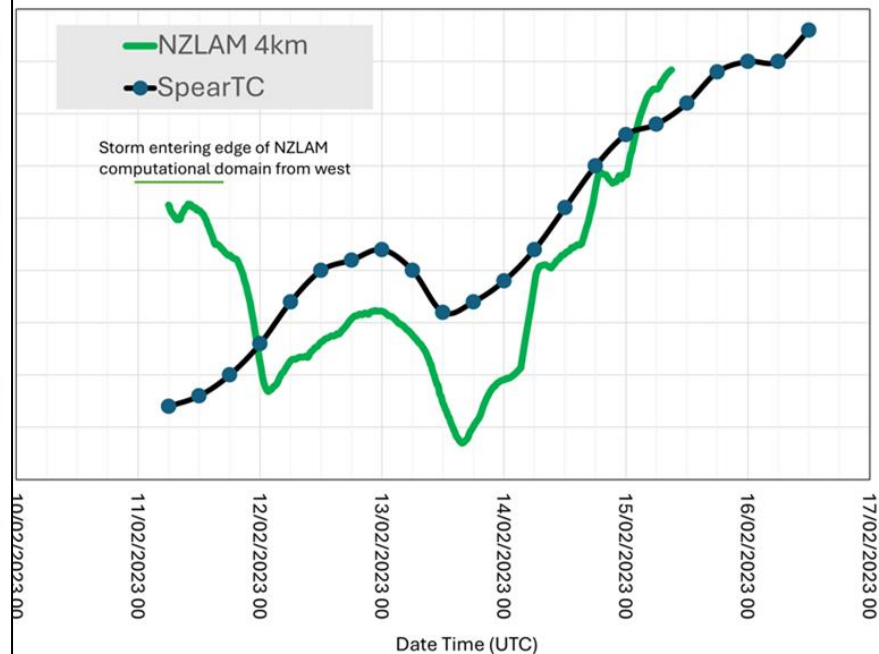
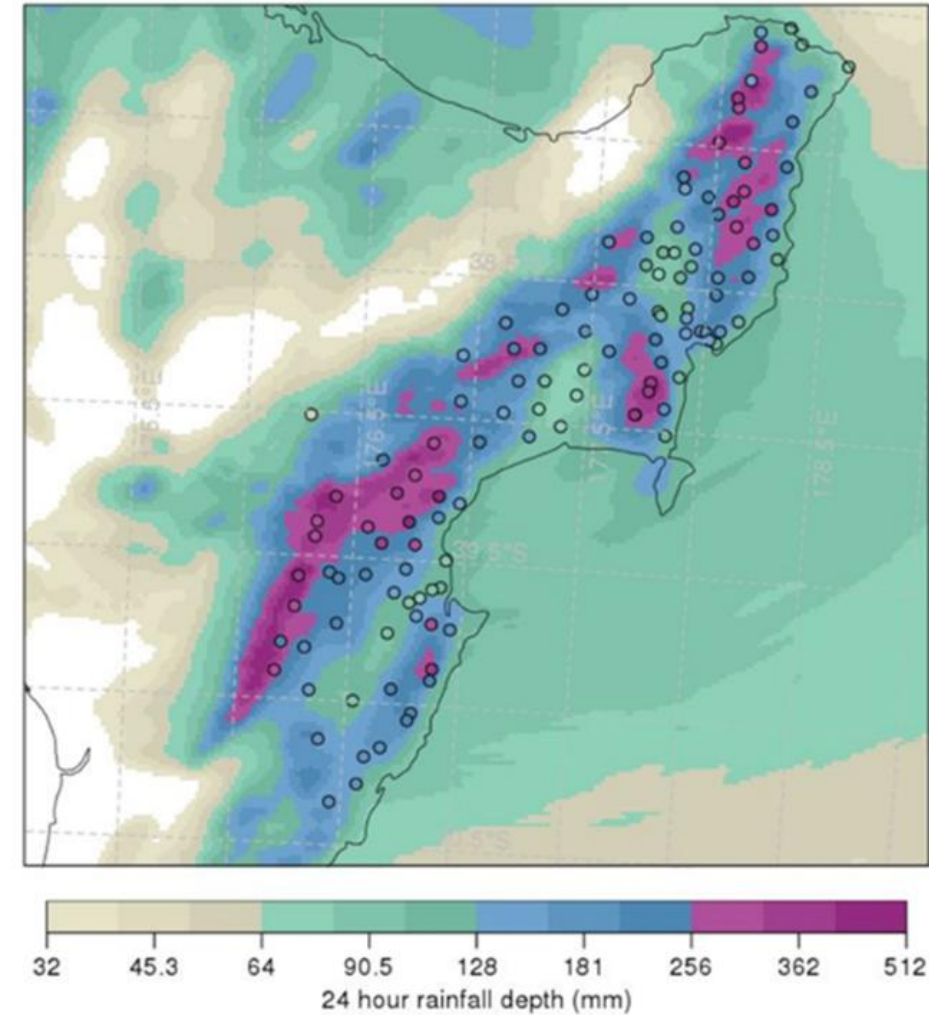
08 Feb 2023

mm



Control Validation

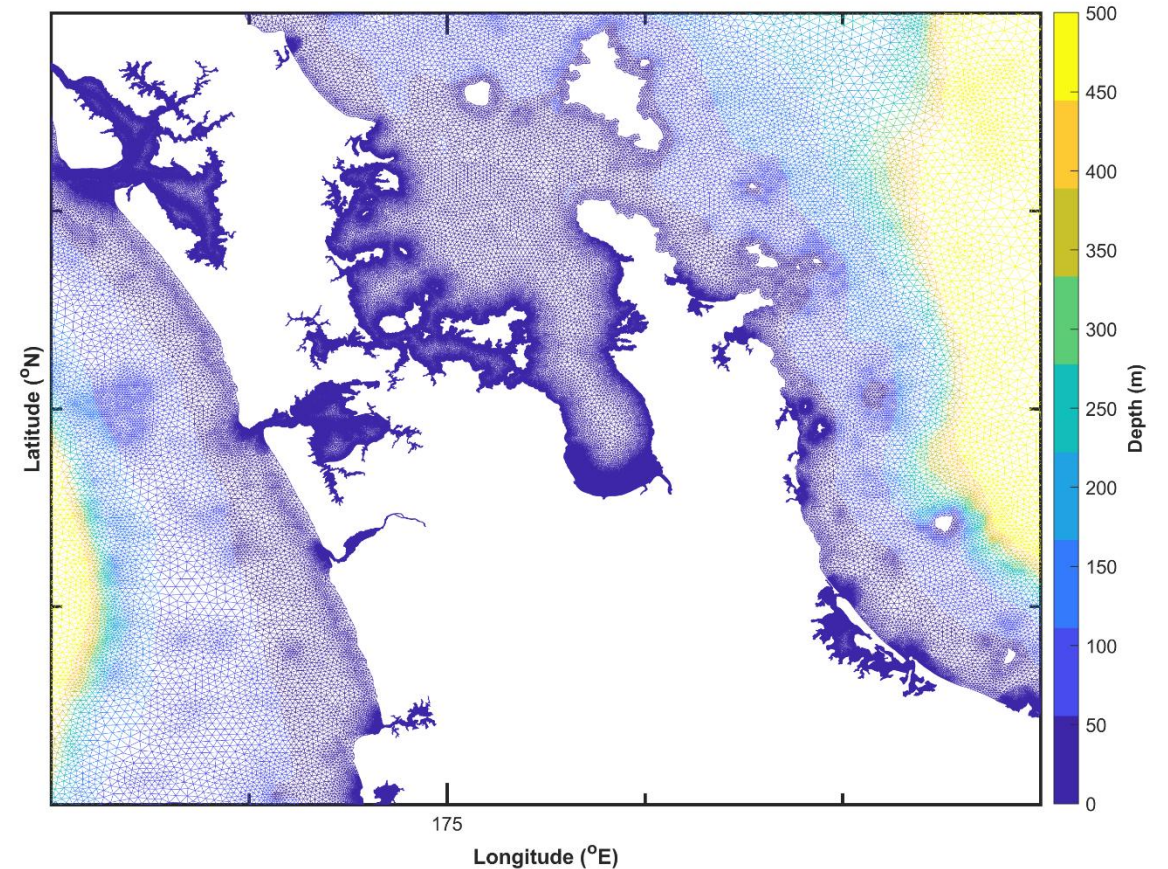
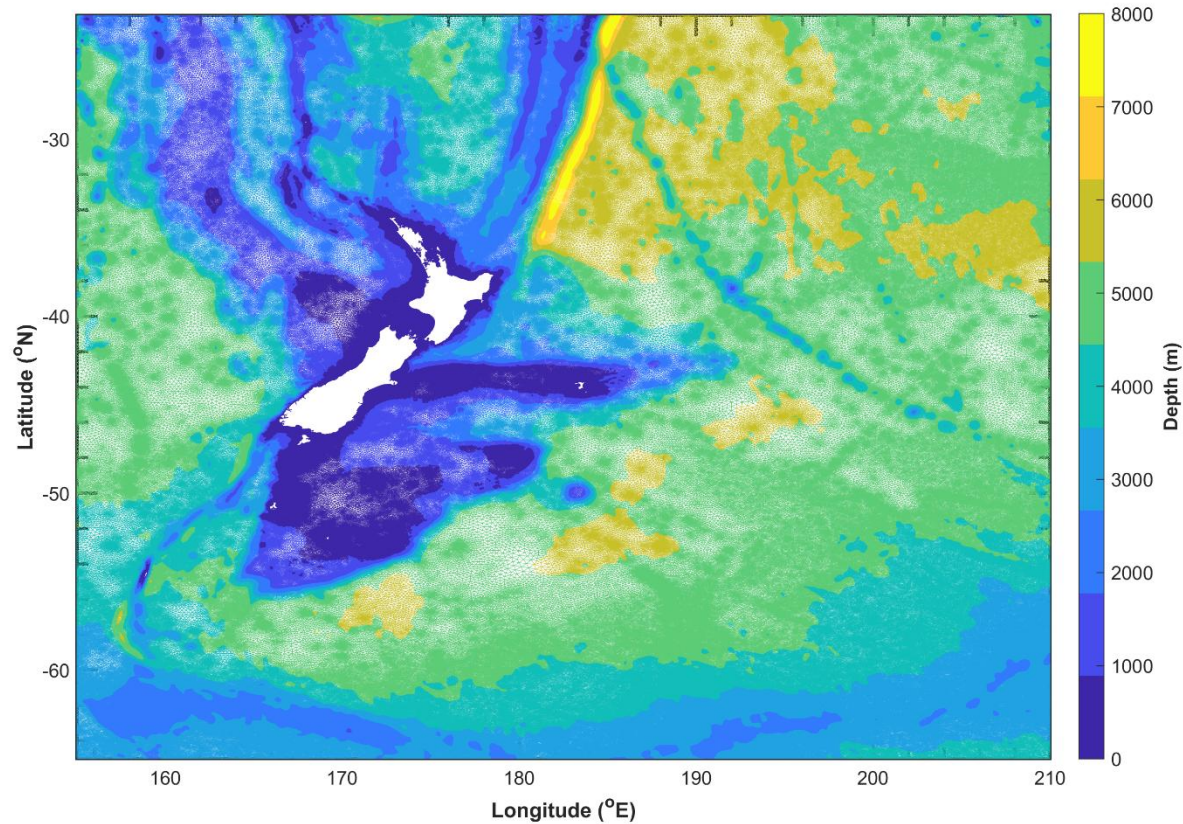
24 hour rainfall ending 9am 14th Feb, 2023
NZCSM with GDC and HBDC Observations



Modelling system

Telemac2D – Flexible Mesh

- Grid size ~10 m in some estuaries to 40 km offshore resolution.
- >50 – Estuaries, Harbours, Tidal inlets and Fiords.
- Increase mesh elements from ~60,000 to ~5.2M

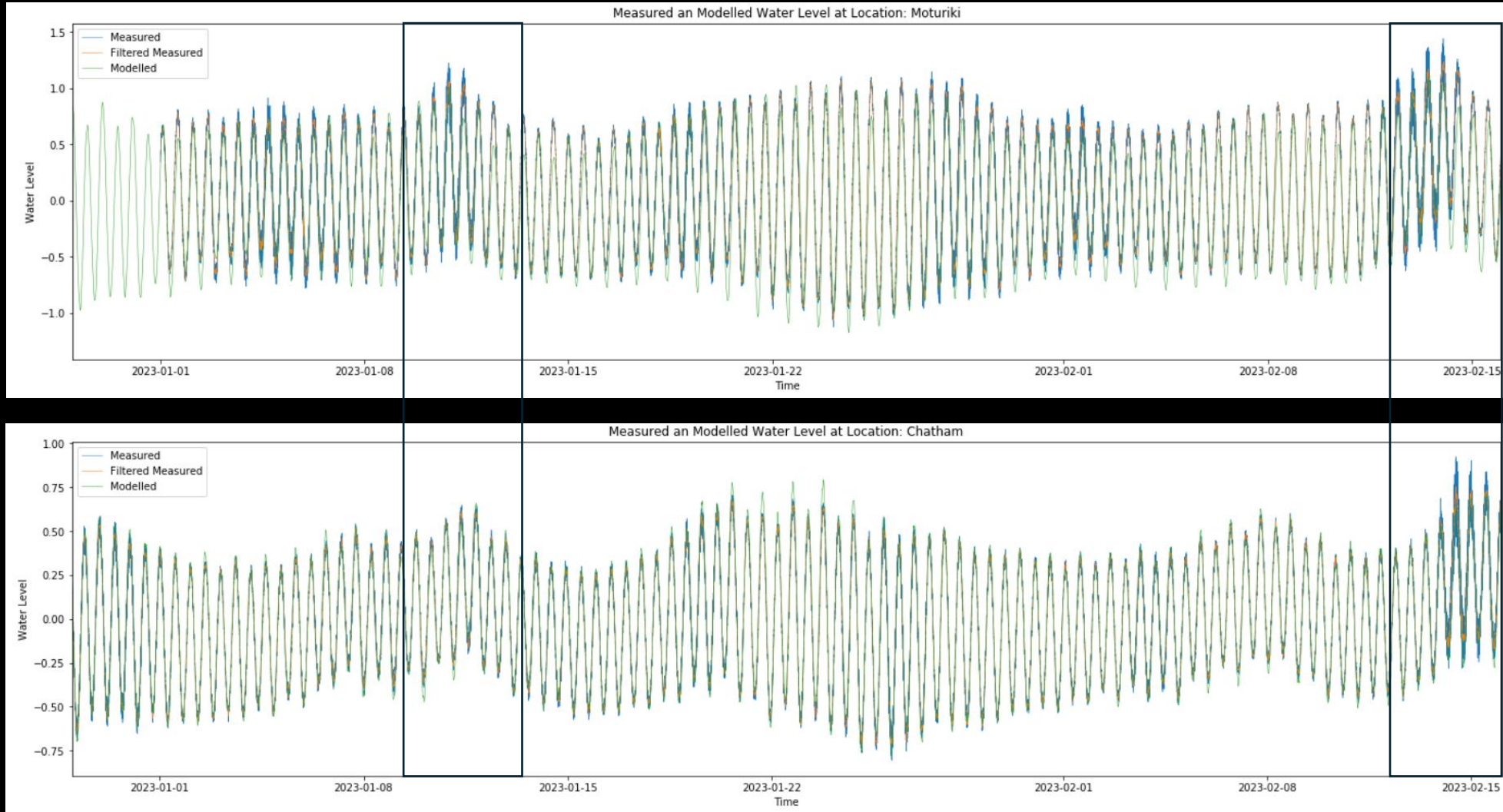


Validation

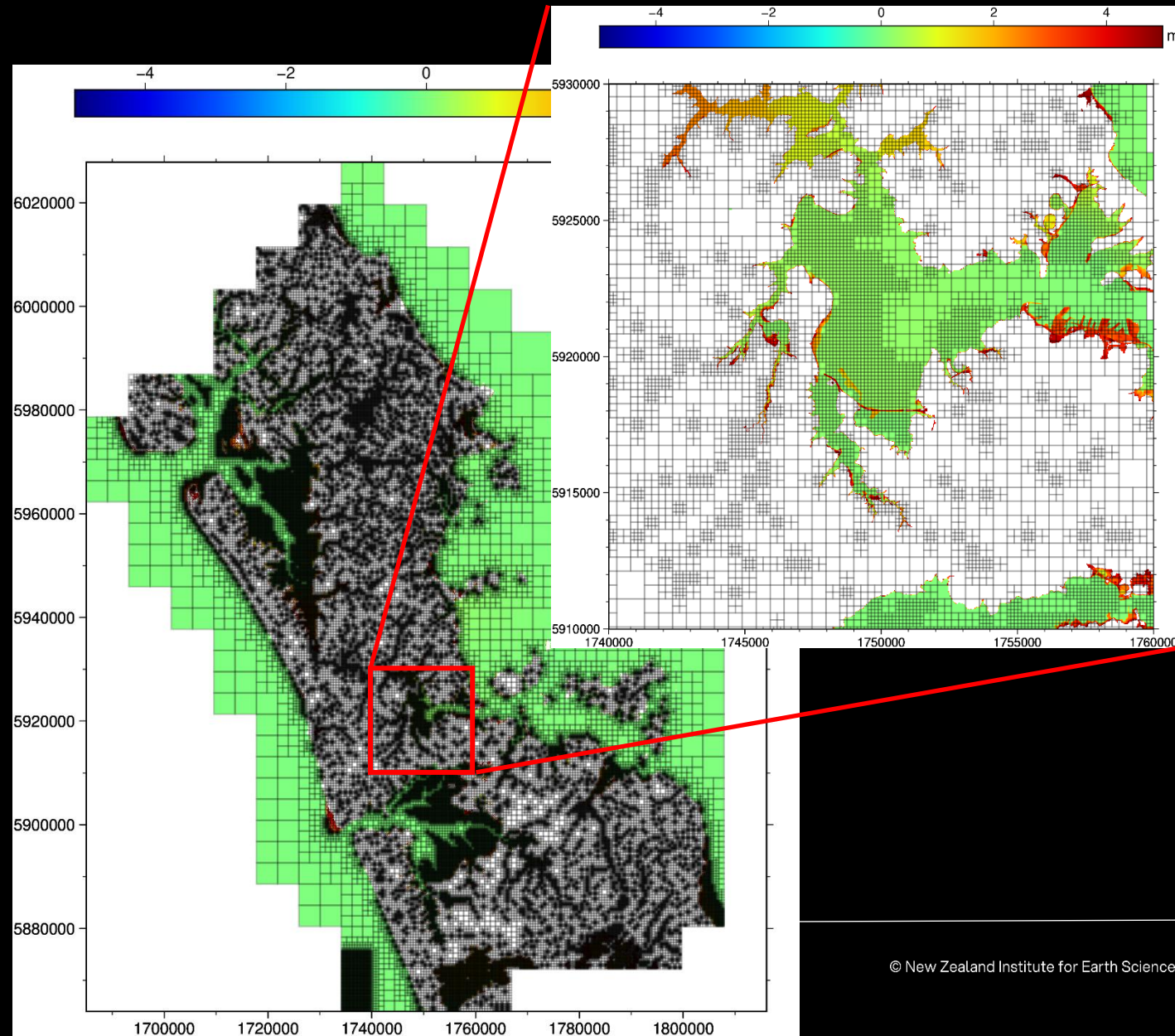
Hale

Gabrielle

- **North Cape**
- Pouto Point
- Raglan
- Whitianga
- Lottin Point
- Ports of Auckland
- Chatham Island
- Great Barrier (Korotiti)
- Moturiki
- **Dargaville**
- Tararu
- **Gisborne**
- Kawhia
- Napier
- Wellington

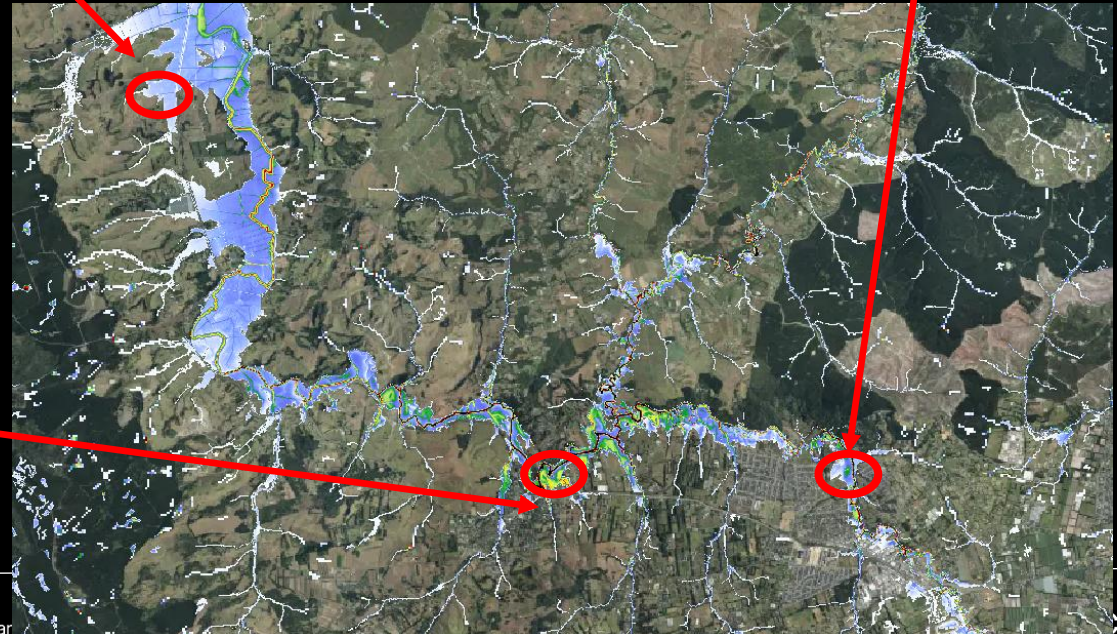


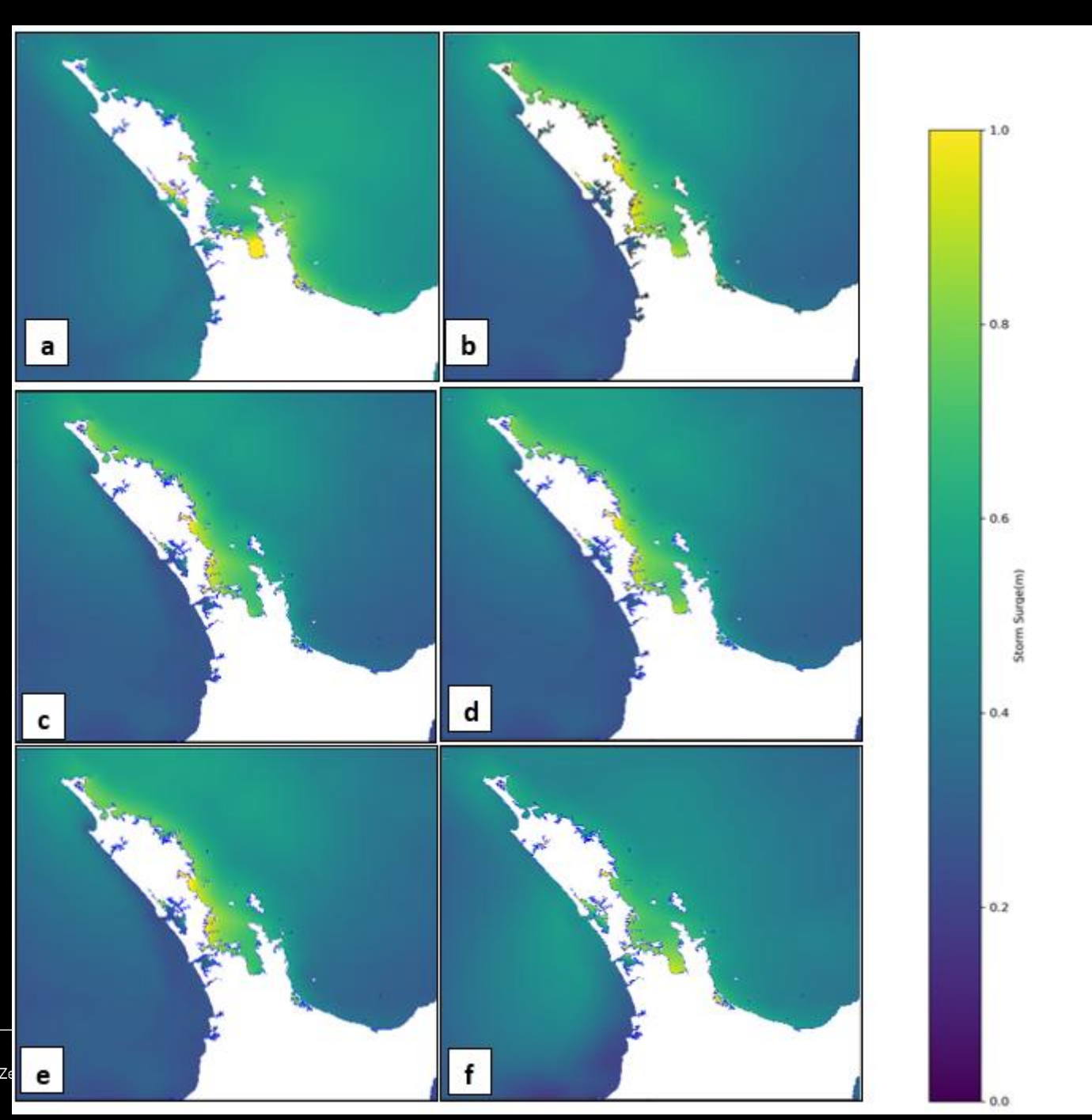
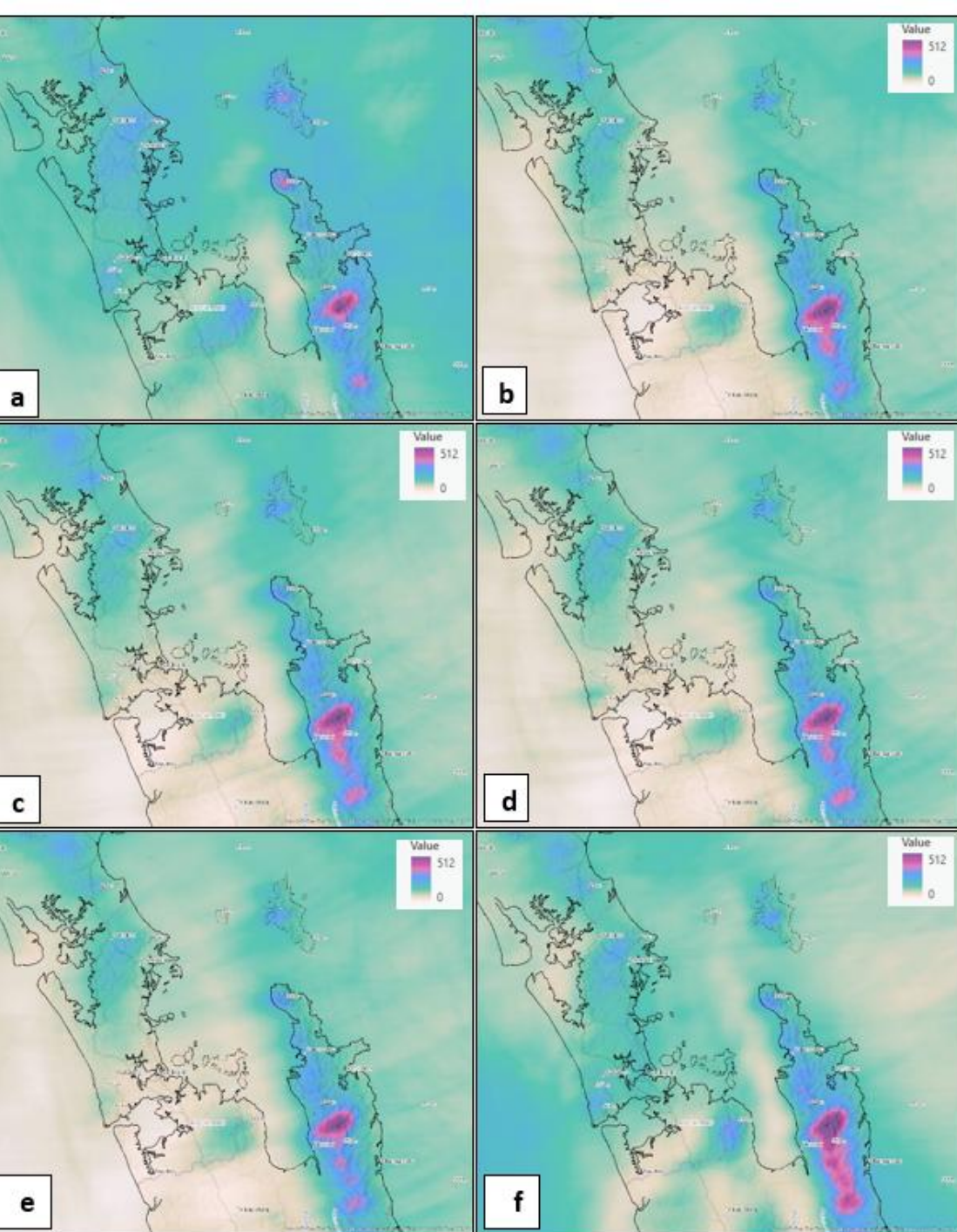
Flood-inundation Model



- BUQ static mesh
- Downstream bnd from Storm-tide model
- Rain-on-Grid everywhere
- Variable roughness
- Wind and ATM Pressure forcing also included
- Infiltration
- Implicit (inlet/outlet) storm water system

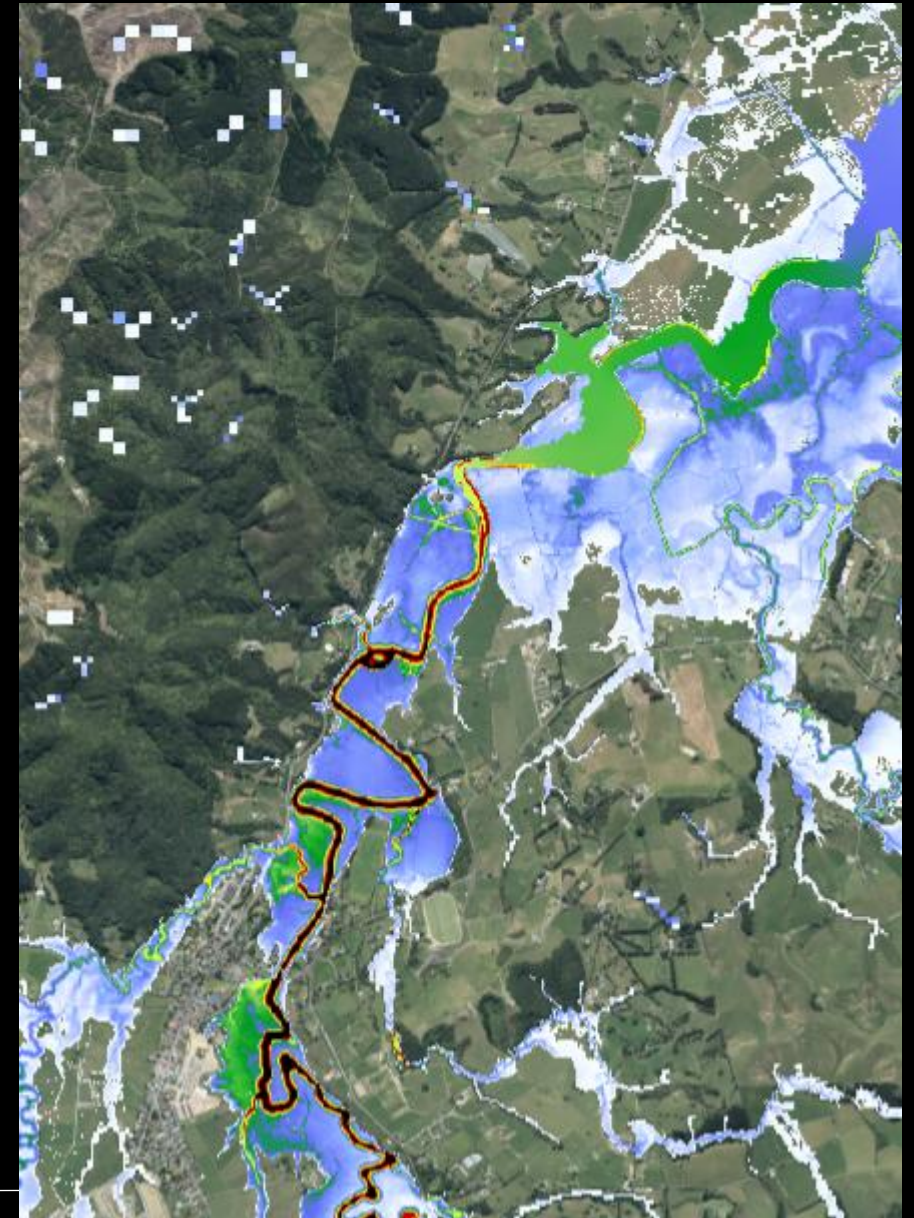
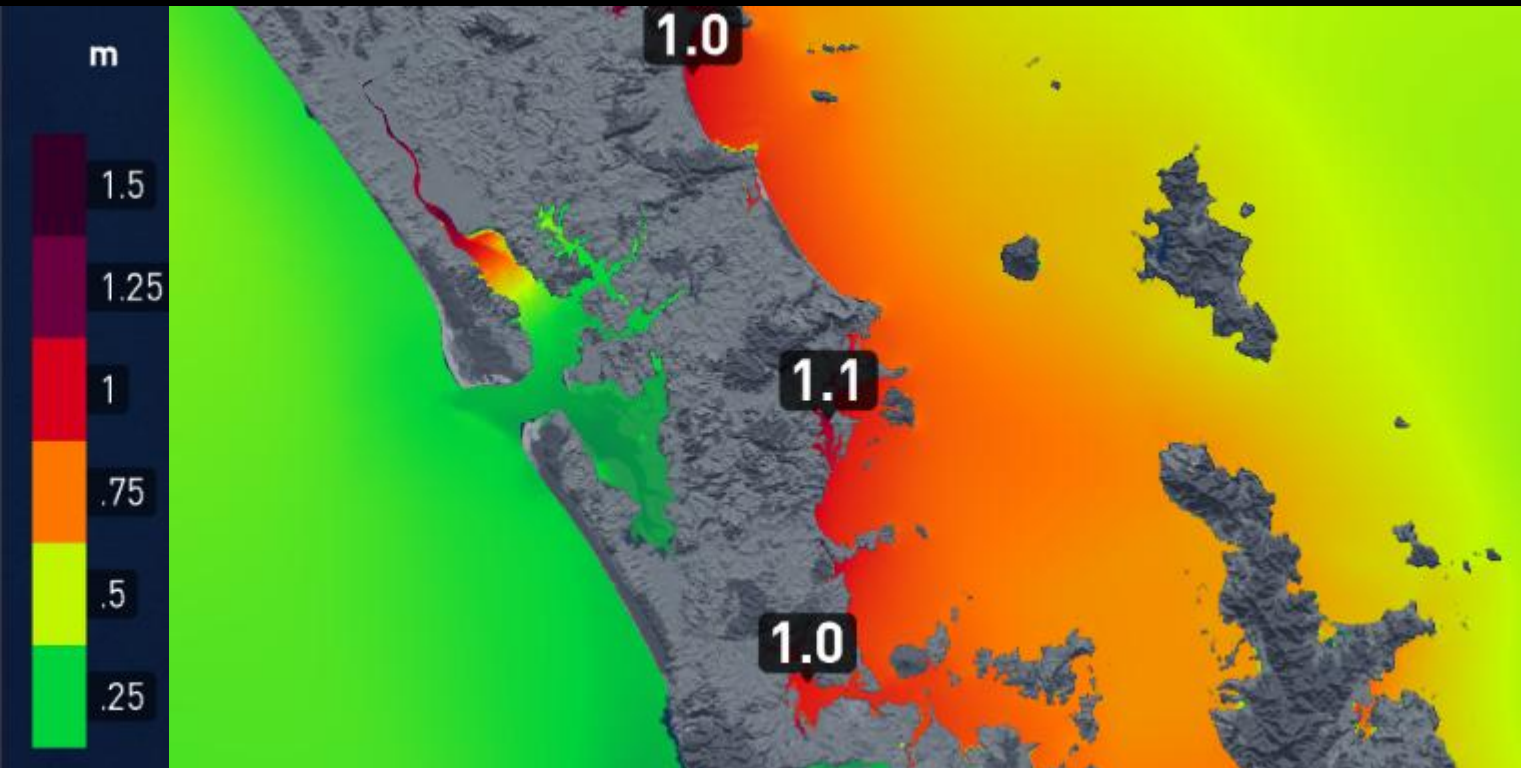
Flood Model



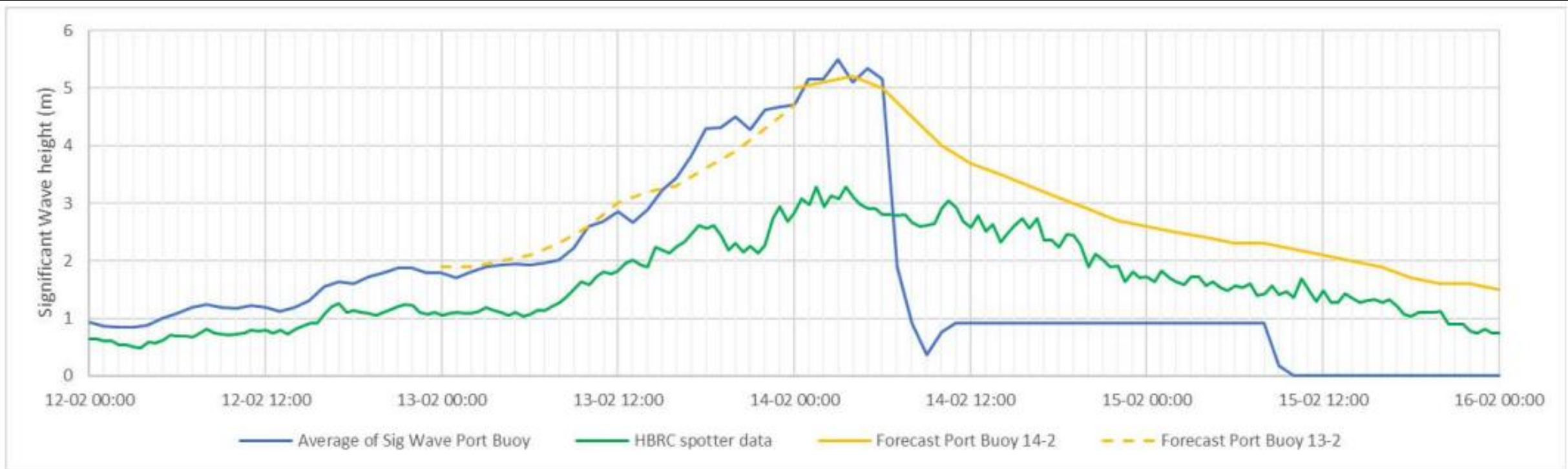


Results

- Control run (i.e. hindcast) produces the worst inundation
- Scenario 2 causes the largest storm-tide (at Auckland Port)
- Rainfall impact accounts for most of the inundation in all cases



Tropical Cyclone Gabrielle Waves



Significant wave height during Cyclone Gabrielle measured and forecasted at the Port Buoy and at the HBRC buoy in front of Westshore (Source: HBRC).



Impact of waves on river mouth opening



Thank you
Nga Mihi
Gracias

ITWS: It's That Wan Stupid!

