











Improvements in the Storm Surge forecasting system PronUy_RPFM

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The Forecasting System

- 3-day water level forecasts
- Based on TELEMAC-2D model
- Forced with:
 - Oceanic boundary conditions
 - Wind forecasts
 - River discharges





Colonia (Niveles referidos al cero Wharton)











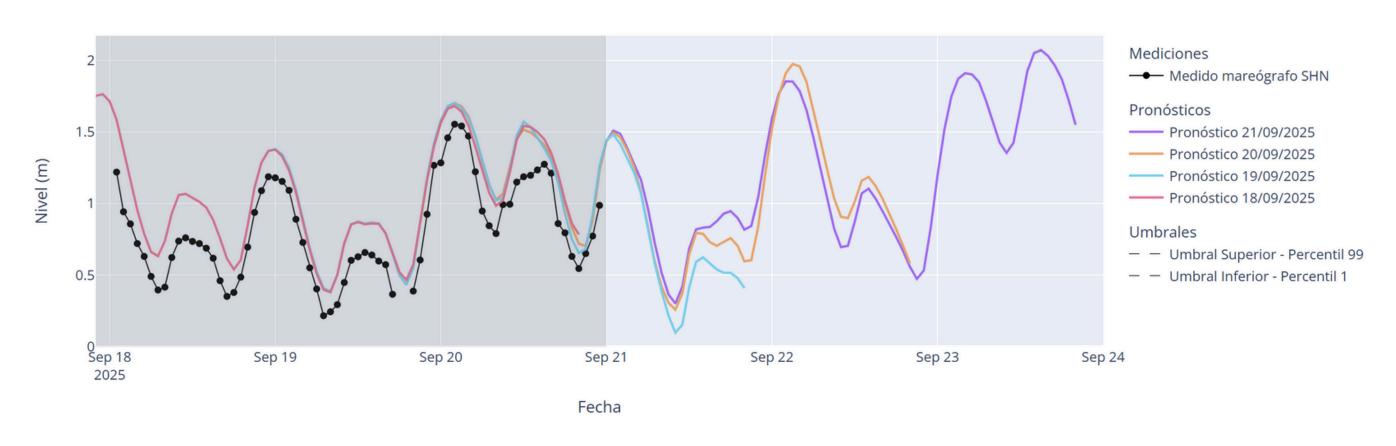




Objective

The objective is to reduce the systematic bias in the forecast by adjusting the Mean Sea Level at the boundary.

Torre Oyarvide (Niveles referidos al cero Wharton)













Methodology

Generate an ensemble of 22 simulations

varying the Mean Sea Level value in the BC Evaluate the ensemble with observed data

using different time windows

Select bestperforming simulation

lowest bias (per station)

Daily publication of a three-day forecast on the website













Results - Storm surge events

- Events = above 90th percentile
- Best performance with 3-day window
- False positives reduced (7 vs. 16)
- More reliable storm surge forecasts

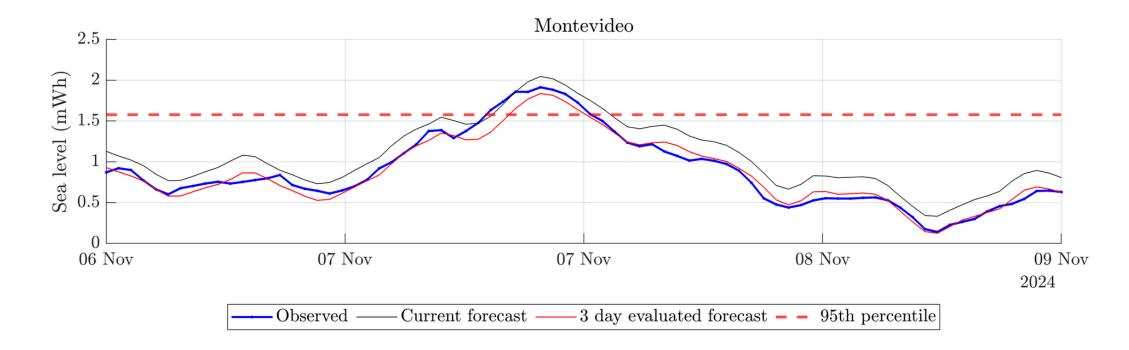
3 day evaluated forecast

yes no
yes 44 7
no 4 -

Single forecast

Observed

| | | yes | no |
|------------|-----|-----|----|
| rorecasted | yes | 46 | 16 |
| | no | 2 | - |









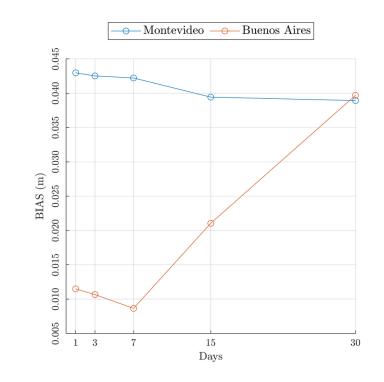


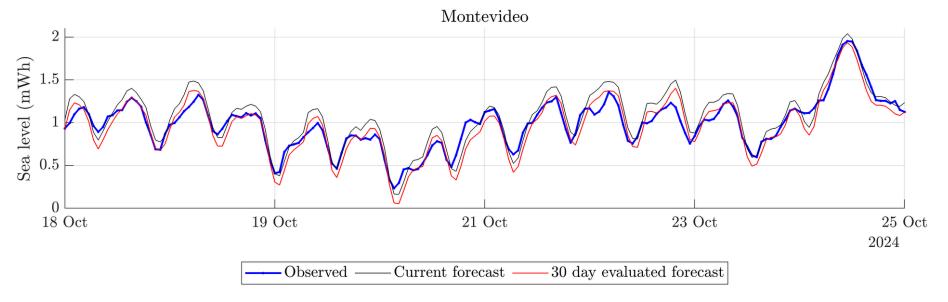


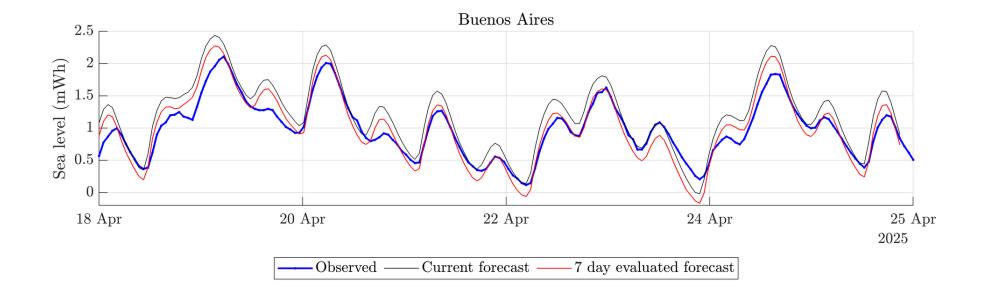


Results - General improvements

- Bias depends on the evaluation window
 - Montevideo → best with 30-day window
 - Buenos Aires → best with 7-day window





























Thanks!

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