

Adding wave model coupling to the Met Office GC5 global coupled modelling system

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4th Workshop on waves and storm surges.

22nd-26th September 2025

Santander, Spain



Global Seamless Physical Model

Hours

Days

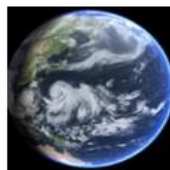
Weeks

Months

Seasons

Decades

Centuries

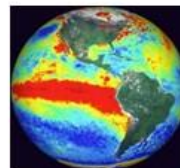


NWP

Deterministic Atmosphere
& Marine



Atmos.
Ensemble



GloSea (Seasonal)

CLIMATE

DePreSys (Decadal)



Climate Change UKESM1,
UKCP18

Component Models

GAL, GO, GSI, GW

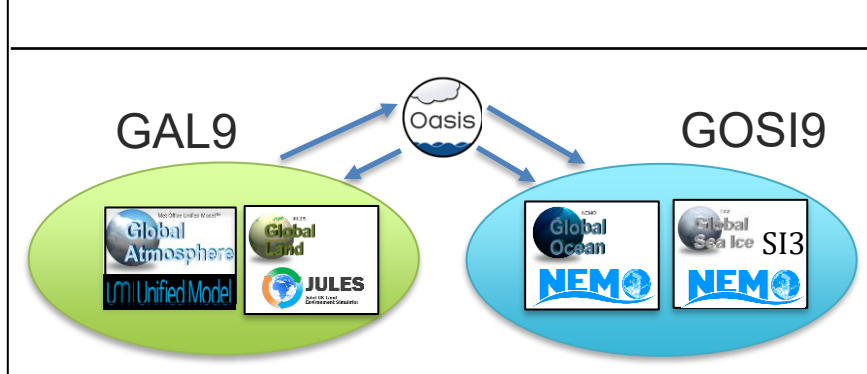


GC Model

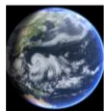
GC.x



GC5 Global Coupled Model Configuration



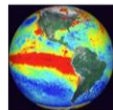
Hours Days Weeks Months Seasons Decades Centuries



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Climate Change UKESM
UKCP ;

Deterministic Atmosphere
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Met Office GC5 Release Update

Science changes since GC4

- New sea ice model SI³
- Southern Ocean improvements
- Significant changes to most areas of parametrisation: convection, clouds, microphysics,
- Extensive testing for both weather forecasting and climate predictions
- Done in partnership



Future uses

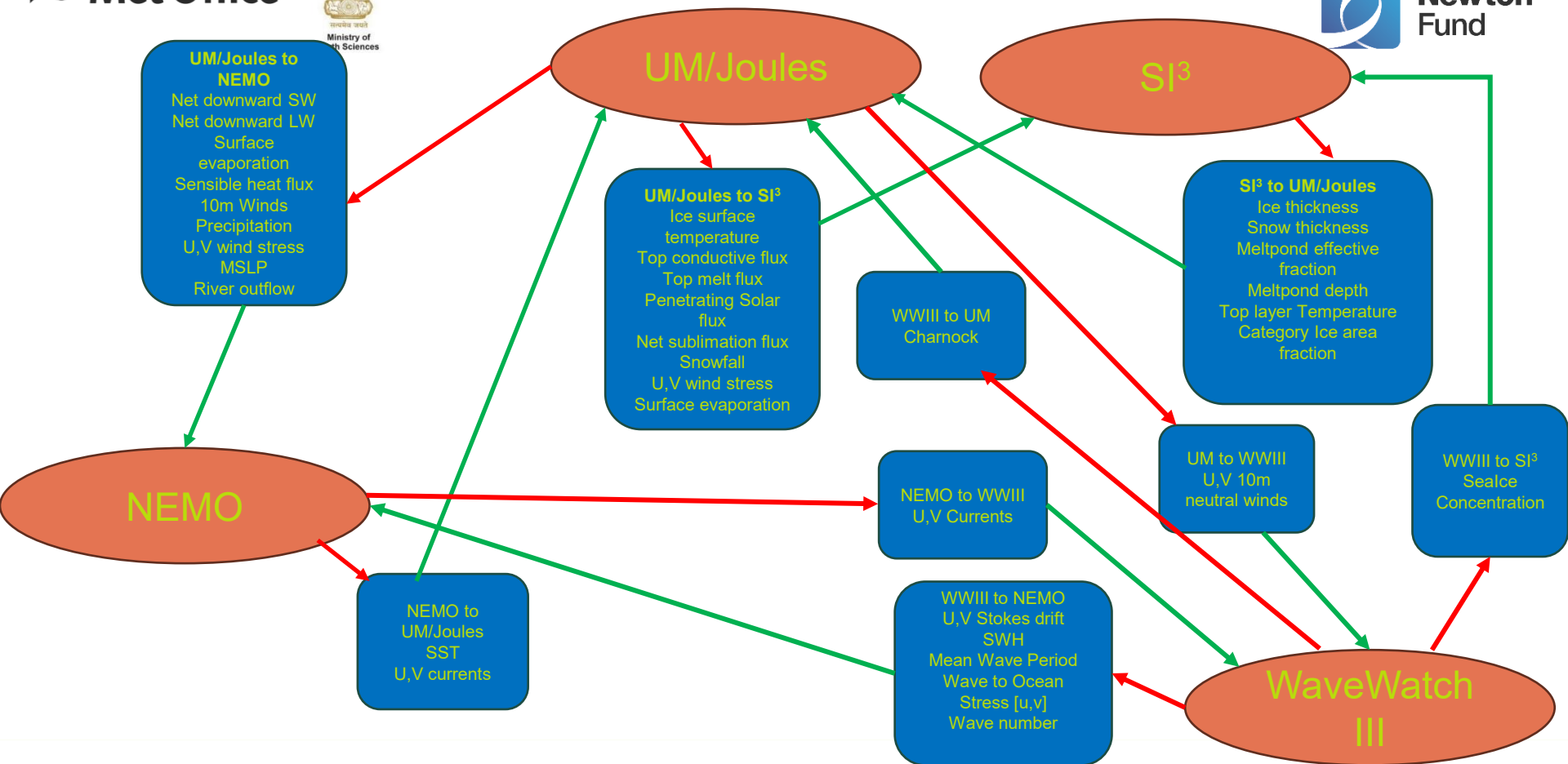
- NWP and seasonal operational implementation, 2024 (PS47)
- Baseline for UKESM & CMIP7, next set of climate projections and model intercomparison
- Baseline (for LFRic implementation), for the next generation modelling system

Performance improvements

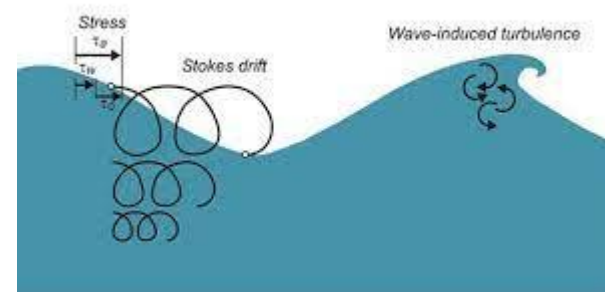
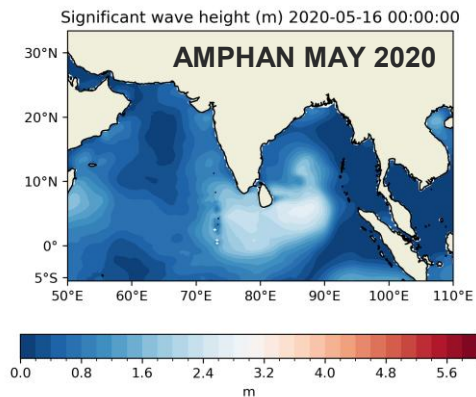
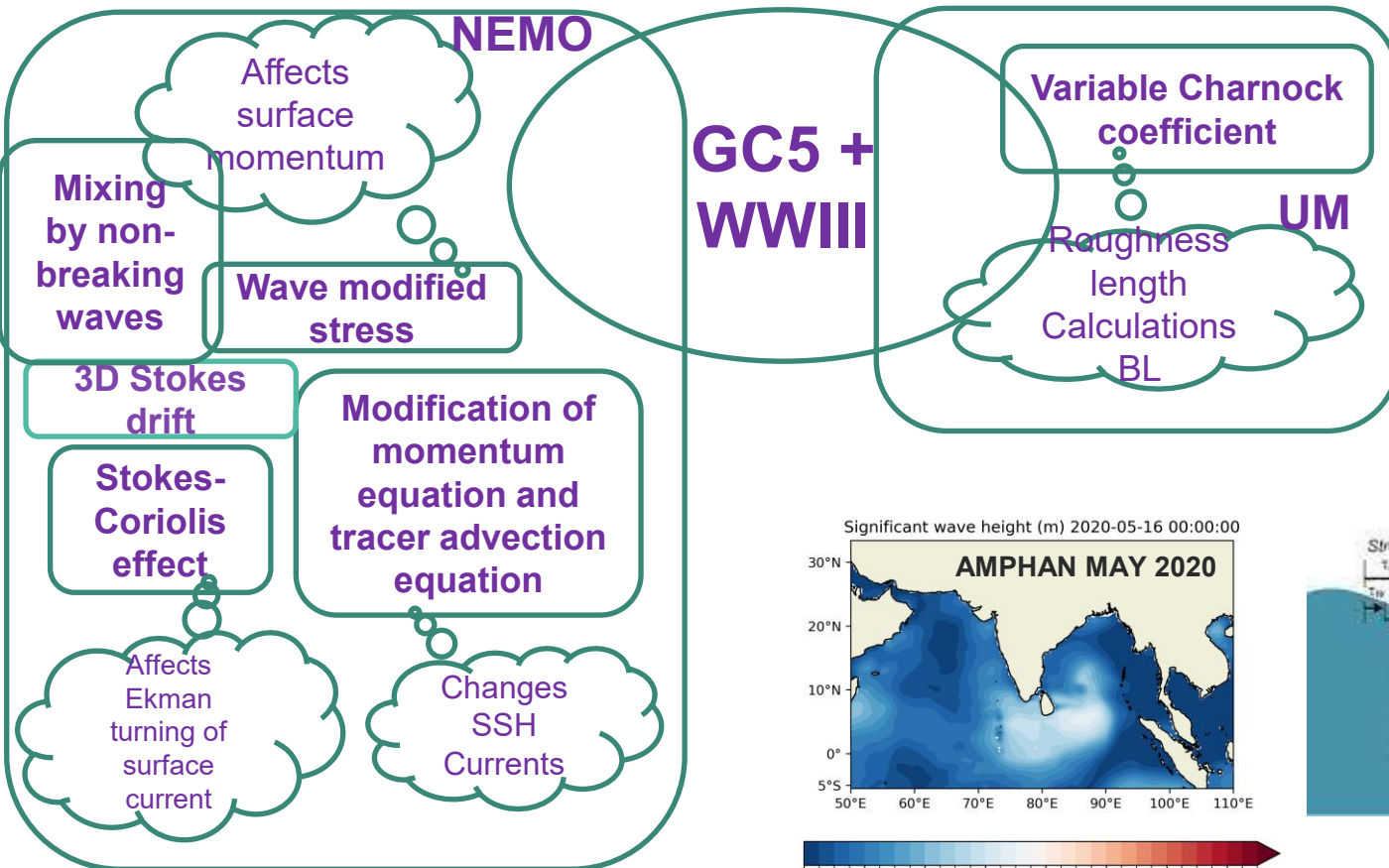
- Southern Ocean temperature
- Sea ice
- Precipitation over land, diurnal cycle, monsoons

- Ocean timestep improvement (check with Dan for the coupled model)
- NWP: improved forecast accuracy

Coupling and variables exchanged



WAVEWATCH III modifications in GC5



Current State of Affairs: Workflows

Climate

UM	NEMO	WWIII
N96 (~150km) N216 (60km)	ORCA025 (~25 km)	SMC256A 50km grid (NO LEVELS). SMC61250 (4 Levels 6km, 12km, 25 km and 50km)

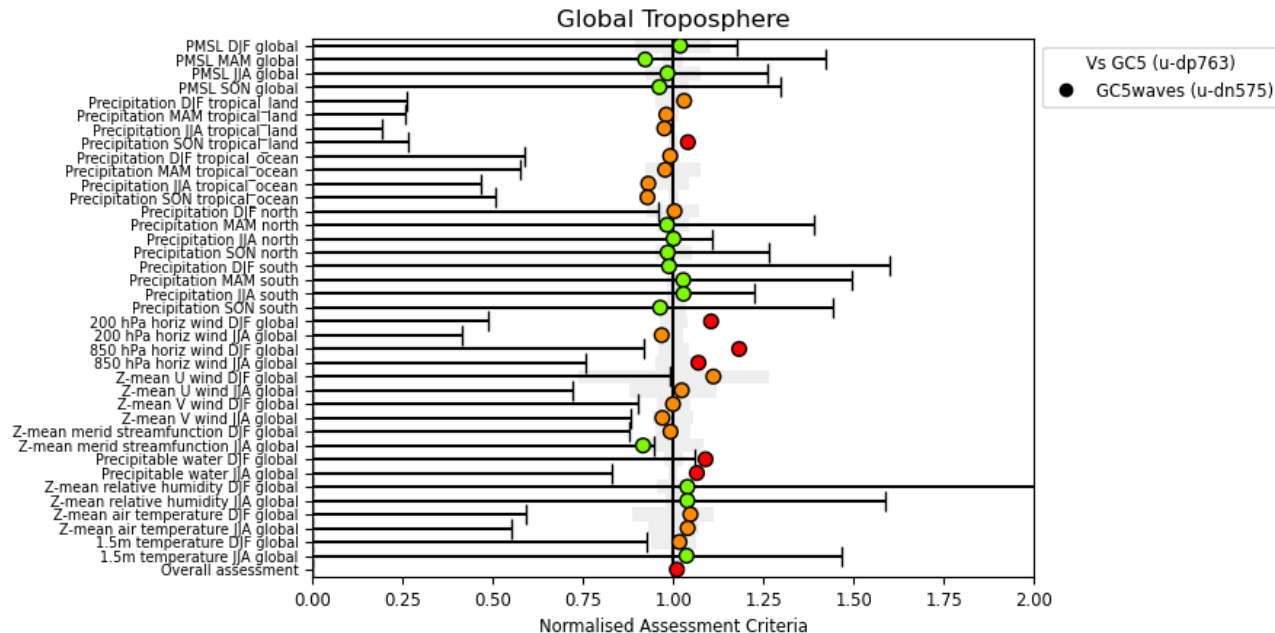
Results shown
50-year present day
climate (yr 2000 GHF)

NWP Case Study

UM	NEMO	WWIII
N320 (40km) N1280 (10km)	ORCA025	SMC256A 50km grid SMC512L3A (3 Levels 5km, 12km, 25 km) SMC512L4EUK(4 Levels 5km, 12km, 25km + additional UK coast level)

Same resolution as MO global
operational forecast system.

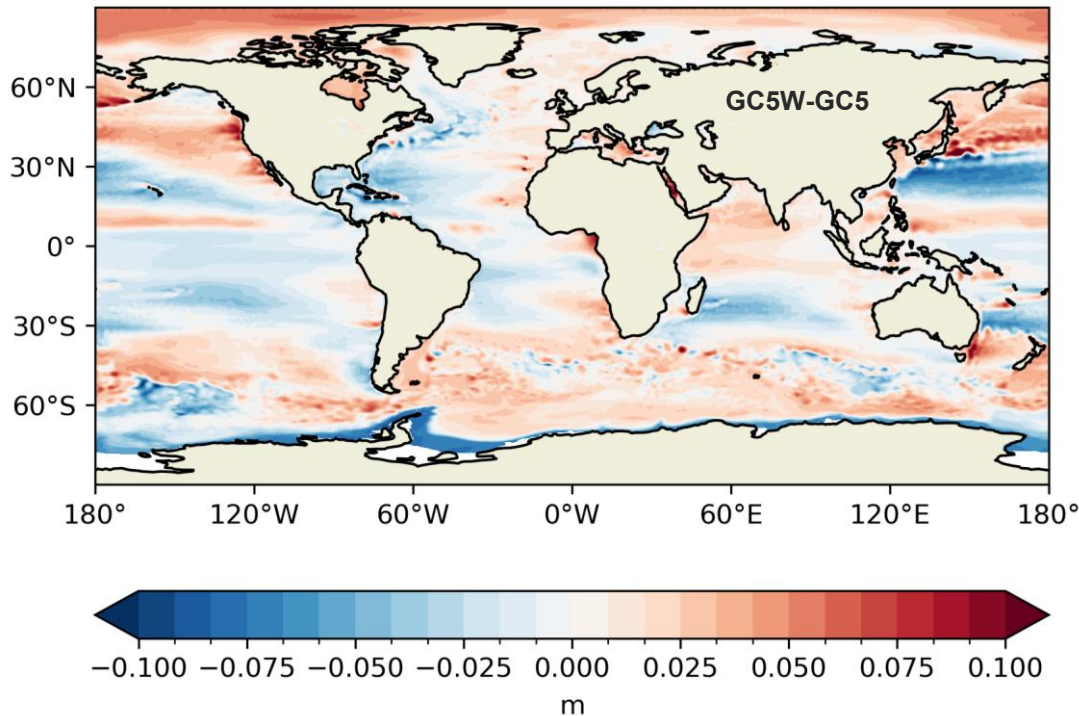
Tropospheric metrics from climate simulation.



- Most changes in the Atmosphere model are neutral.
- Slightly better seasonal precipitation.
- Slight modifications in sea surface albedo.

SSH changes in NEMO with Wave coupling

50yr mean Difference SSH



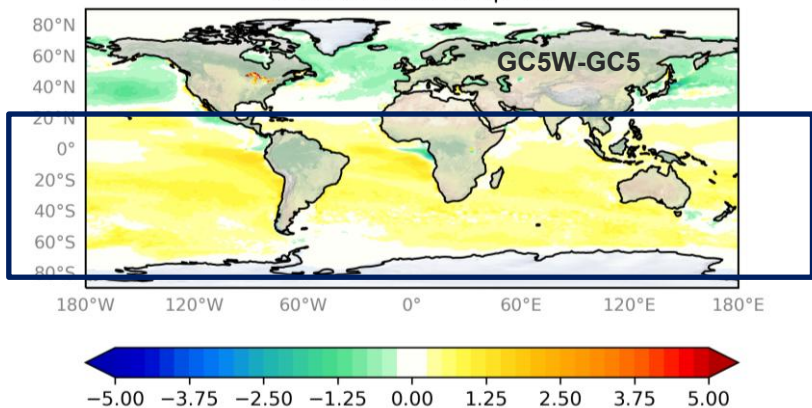
- Significant changes in SSH
- Indicating strong influence on Upper ocean dynamics



Met Office SST changes and the curious case of SO warming

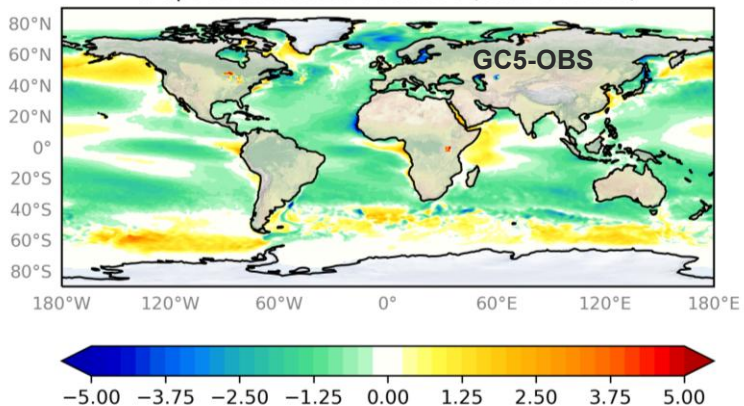
Hadley Centre

u-dn575 minus u-dp763

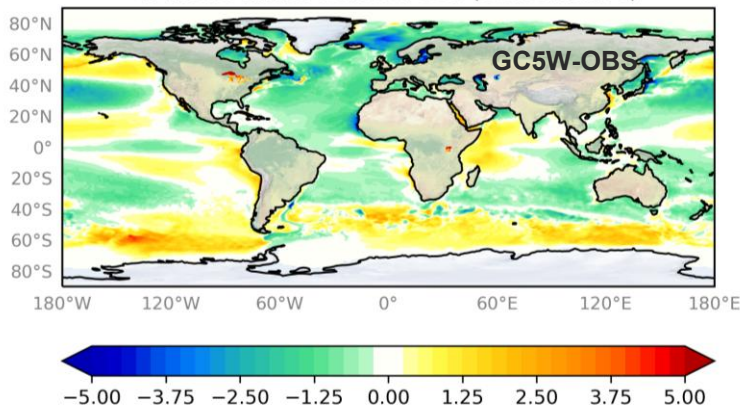


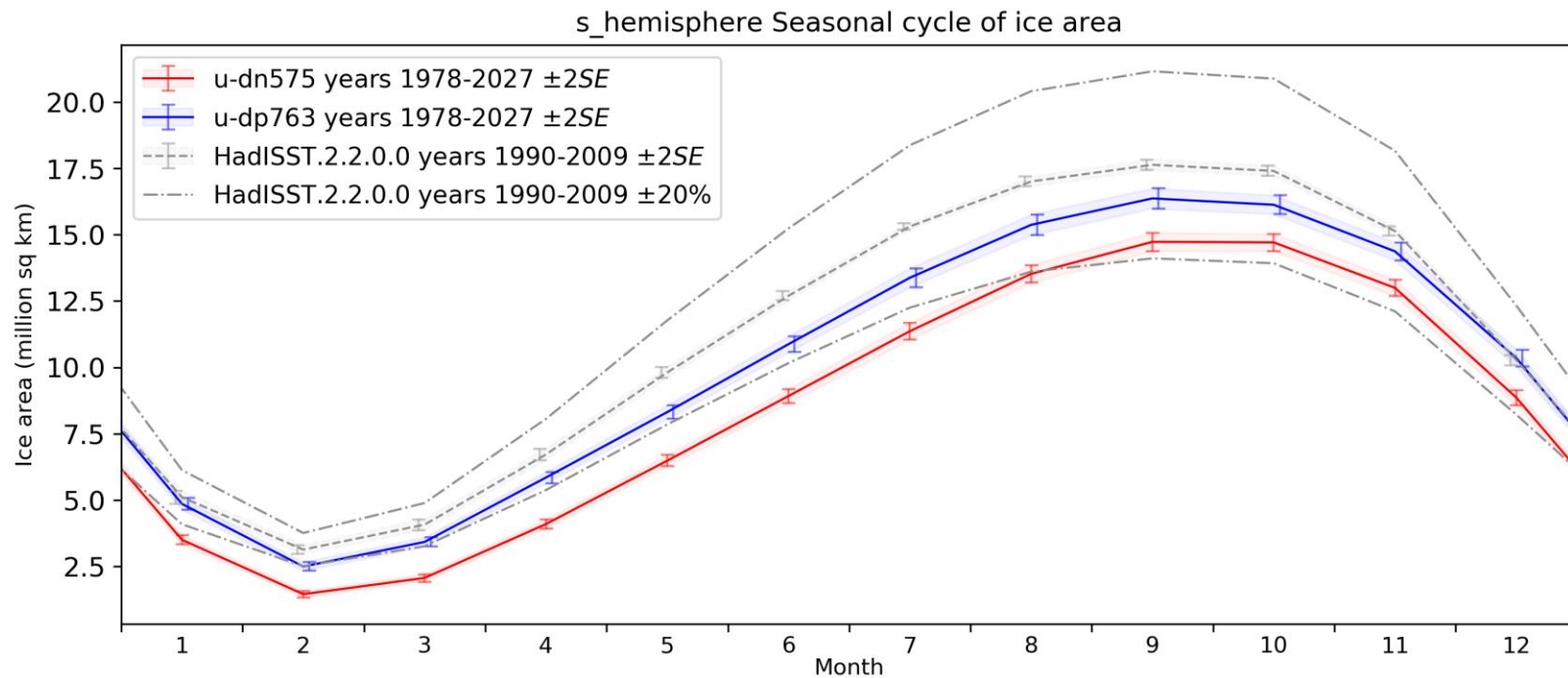
- Warm bias in SH.
- Reduces cold bias in tropical SH
- Exasperate warm bias in Southern Ocean (NOT GOOD)

u-dp763 minus ESA CCI SST (conservative)

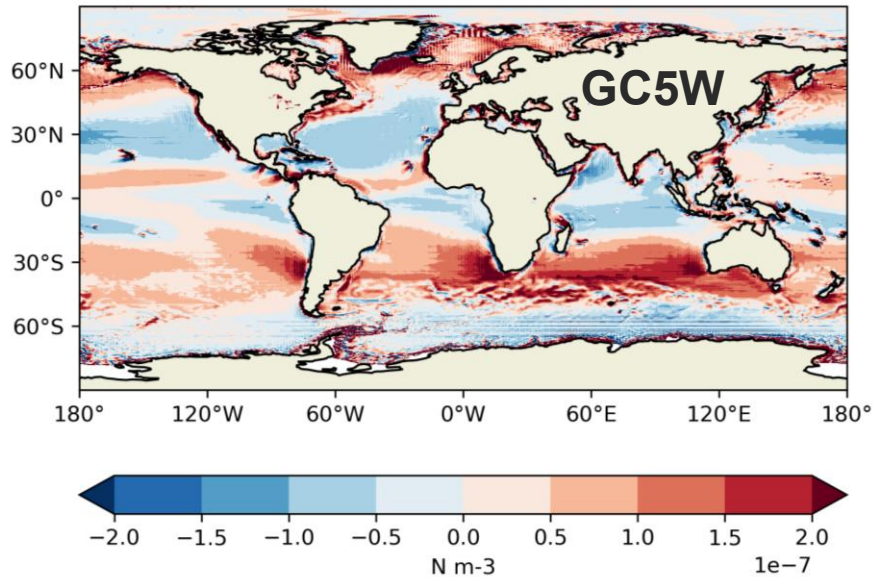


u-dn575 minus ESA CCI SST (conservative)

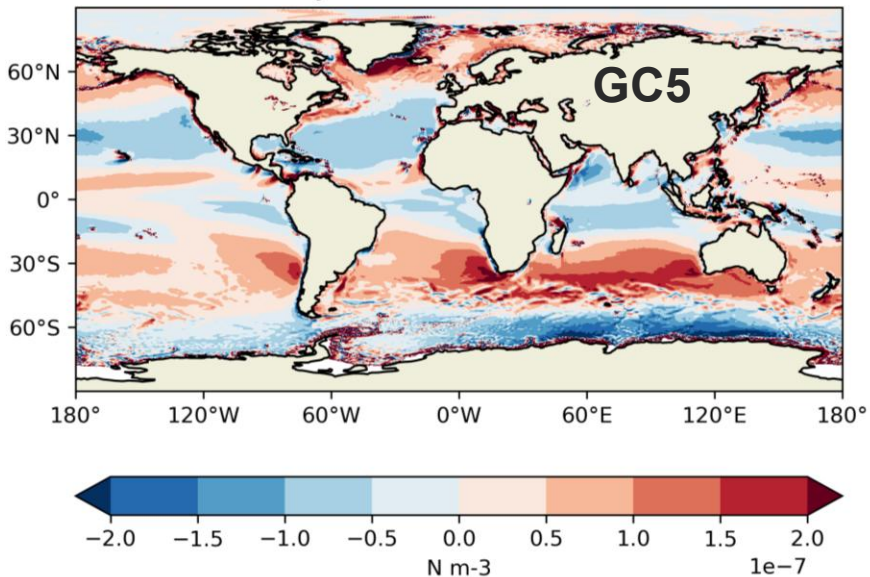




50yr mean Windstress curl



50yr mean Windstress curl



Choosing an apt tuning for NEMO when waves are coupled

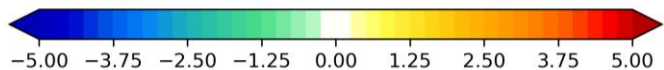
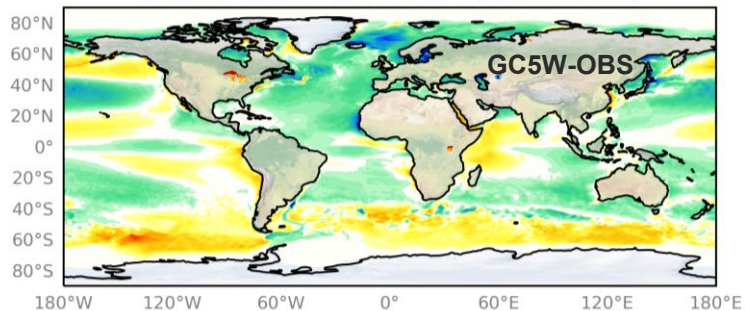
- `nn_htau` → Parameter which controls the depth of mixing within the TKE mixing scheme in NEMO.
- In GC5 (without waves), it is tuned to provide extra mixing to account for wave activity south of 40S.
- Series of experiments were done to stop “double counting of wave activity”

Shout out to Diego Bruciaferry

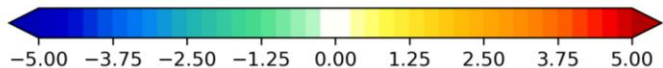
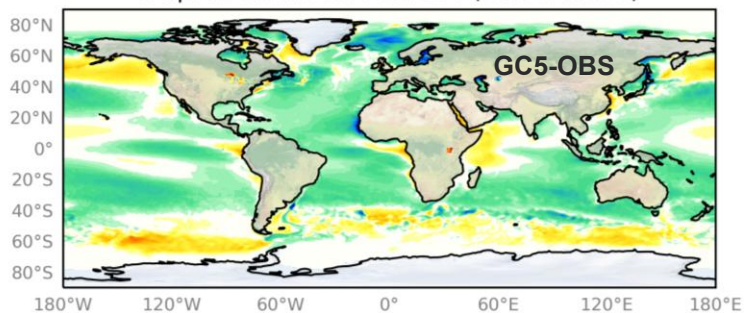
Paradoxical wave-ocean interaction

Taking out extra mixing in NEMO in SO reduced the warm bias

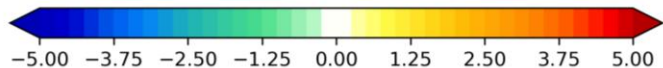
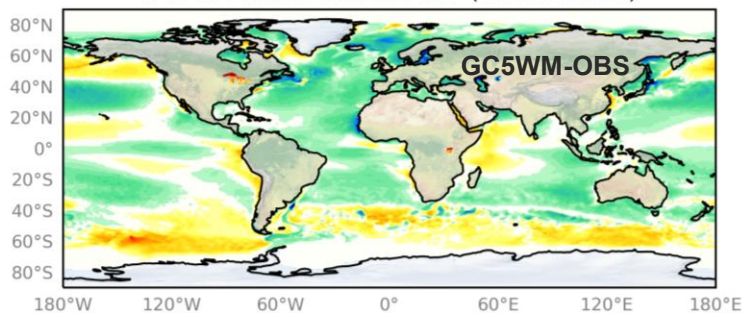
u-dn575 minus ESA CCI SST (conservative)



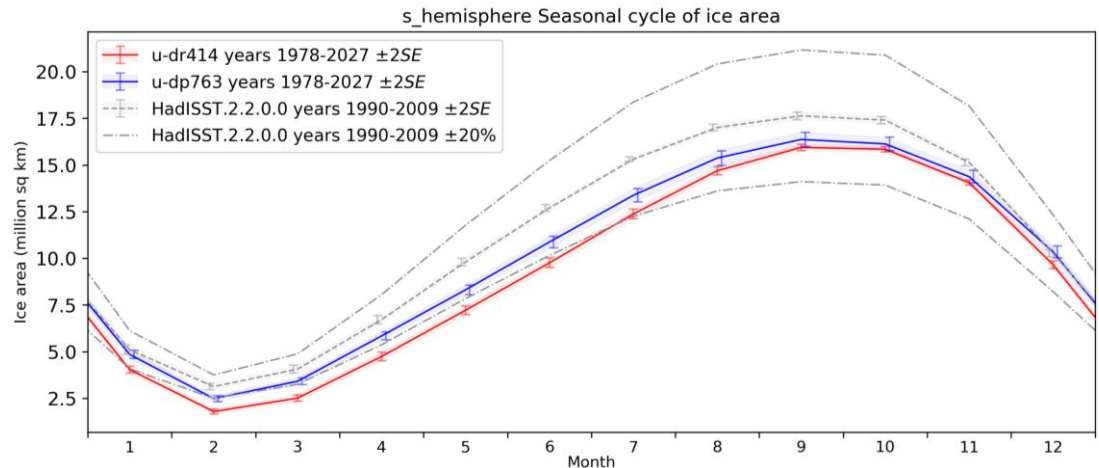
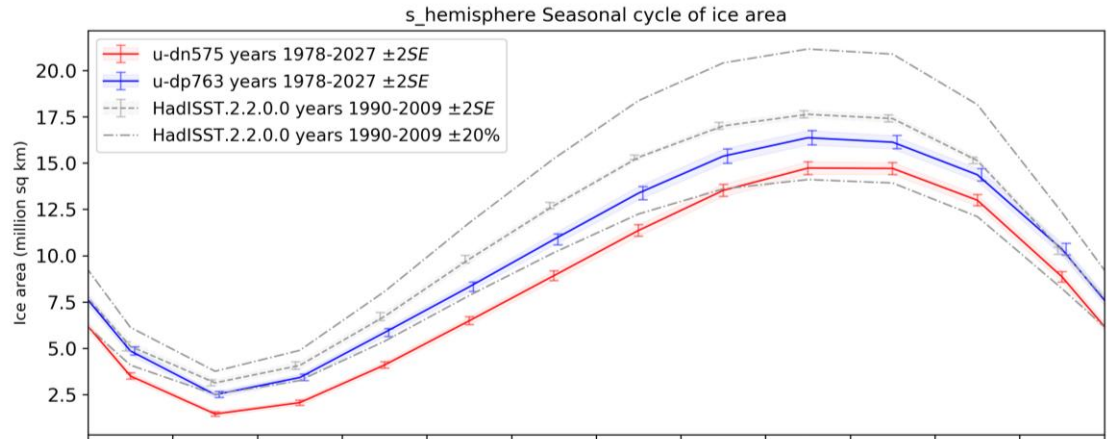
u-dp763 minus ESA CCI SST (conservative)



u-dr414 minus ESA CCI SST (conservative)



- Reduction of warm bias increased the sea-ice area.
- Wave-Ocean interactions are much more complex than expected.
- Does Ocean current feedbacks to waves explain this?
- Stokes Coriolis effect?
- Internal Waves?



Summary

- WavewatchIII is coupled to the GC5 system.
- Currently effect of wave coupling to the atmosphere model is neutral.
- Ocean-Wave coupling is rather complex and need further investigation.
- Hopefully by GC7 wave coupling will be a part of Met Office global coupled model.

Questions?

For more information please contact



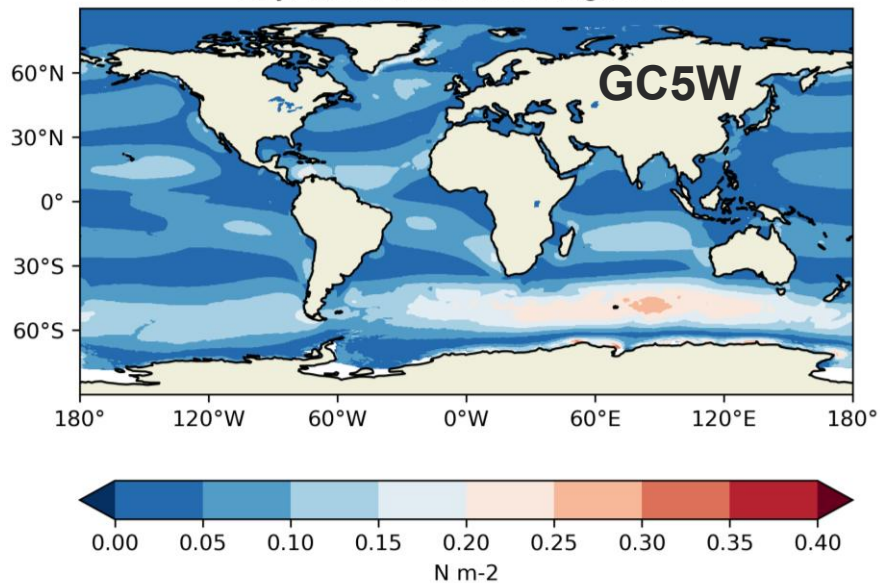
www.metoffice.gov.uk/newton



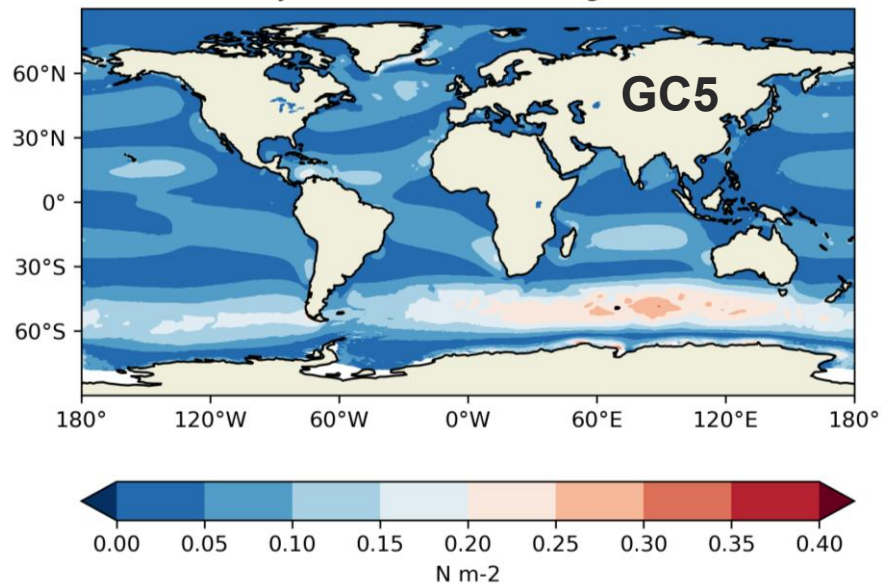
nikesh.narayan@metoffice.gov.uk



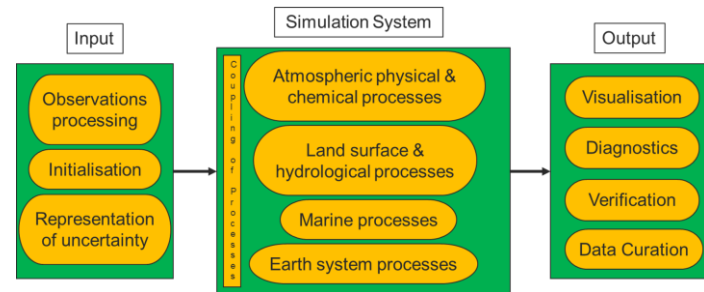
50yr mean Windstress magnitude



50yr mean Windstress magnitude



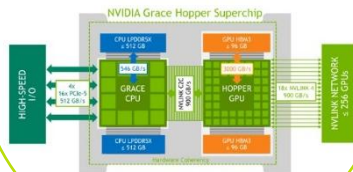
“To reformulate and redesign our complete weather and climate research and operational/production systems, including oceans and the environment, to allow the Met Office and its partners to fully exploit future generations of supercomputer for the benefits of society.”



Enable new science



Exploit supercomputer



Improved scalability
& flexibility



Grow external collaborations



Why do OWA coupling.

Roughness
length
calculations
made better

Drag
feedback
by waves

Wahle et al., 2017;
Wu et al., 2017

Ardhuin et al. 2010

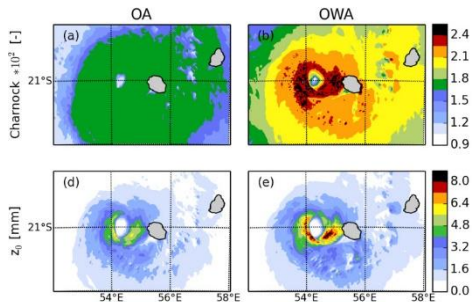
Increased
accuracy of
wave model

TC induced
sea surface
cooling

Enthalpy
flux changes

Lee and Chen 2014,
Pianezze et al., 2018

Better
representation of
TC boundary
layer processes



Pianezze et al (2018)