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Grand Bahama and Eleuthera hurricane surge pilot study

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Grand Bahama and Eleuthera hurricane surge pilot study

Organisation

Pilot project for The Bahamas Department of Meteorology

• Funded by the Green Climate Fund through the Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre

Contractors:

- HR Wallingford Ltd (UK)
- SEV Consulting (The Bahamas)

Grand Bahama and Eleuthera

• LiDAR survey data available

Scope

Storm surge model

- Storm surge due to hurricanes
- Flooding
- Forecast

Storm surge atlas

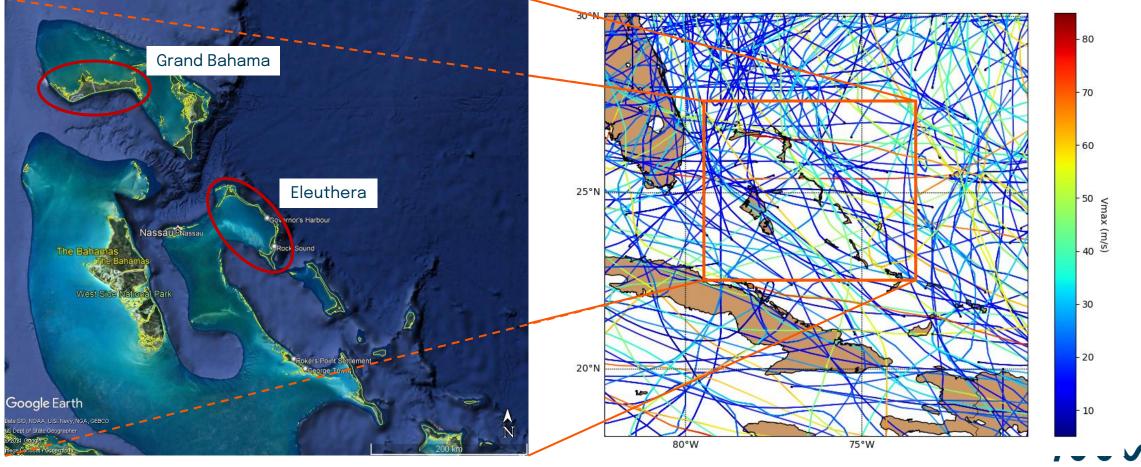
- Reference tool for flooding risk
- Climate change scenarios

Digital platform

• Hosted and run by Bahamas Department of Meteorology

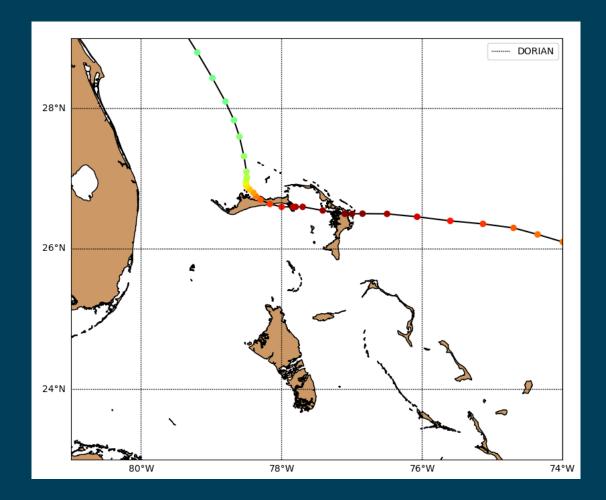


The Bahamas Storm Surge Pilot Study



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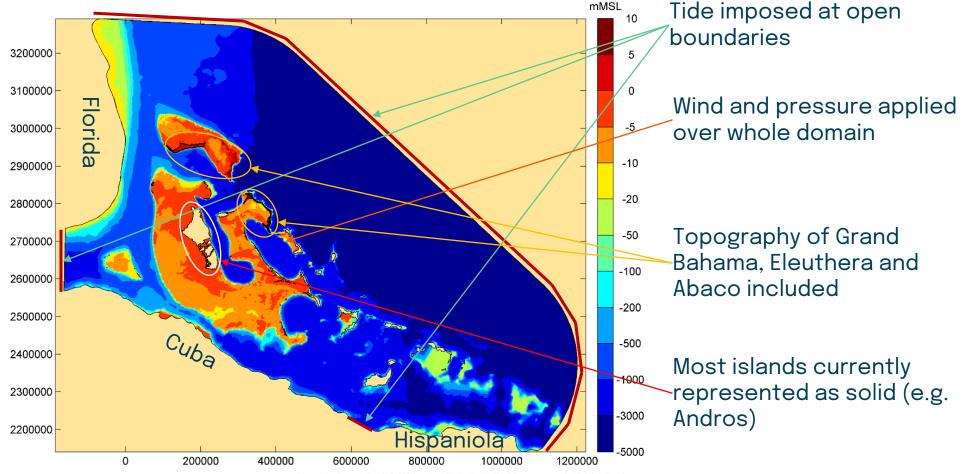
Hurricane Dorian 2019







Bahamas hurricane surge model - TELEMAC-2D







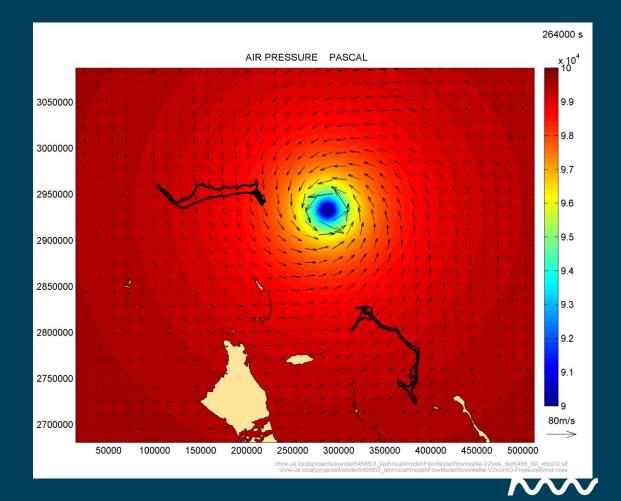
Model inputs

Tide

- Imposed around the open boundaries

Atmospheric pressure and wind

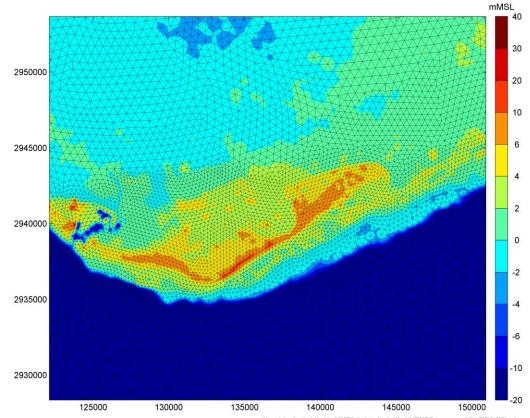
- Time-varying 2D fields created from the hurricane track
- Domain-wide



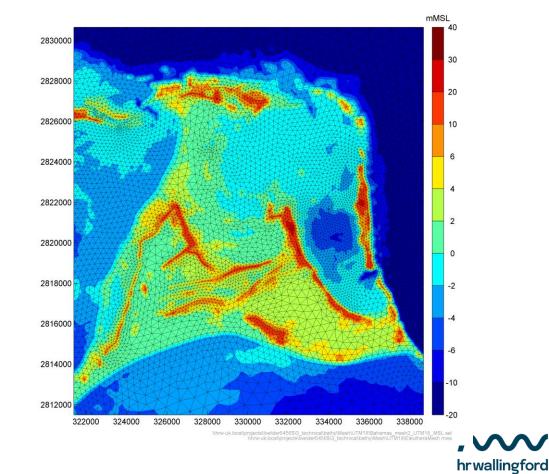
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Unstructured mesh

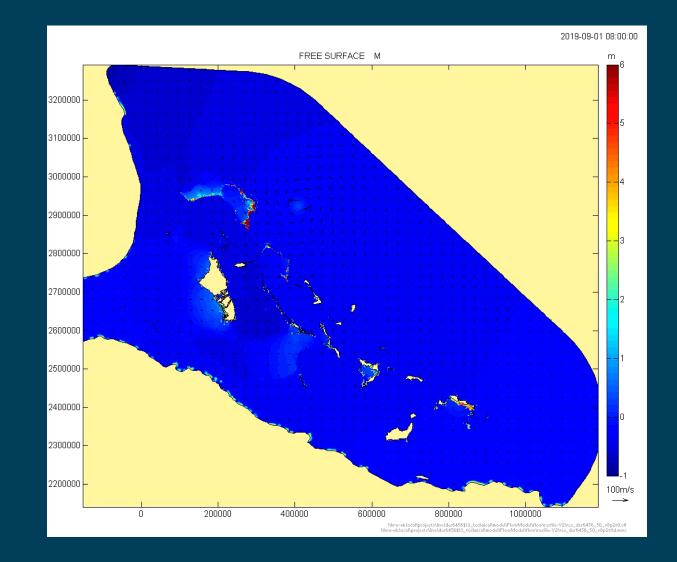
Variable resolution – 150 m to 10 km



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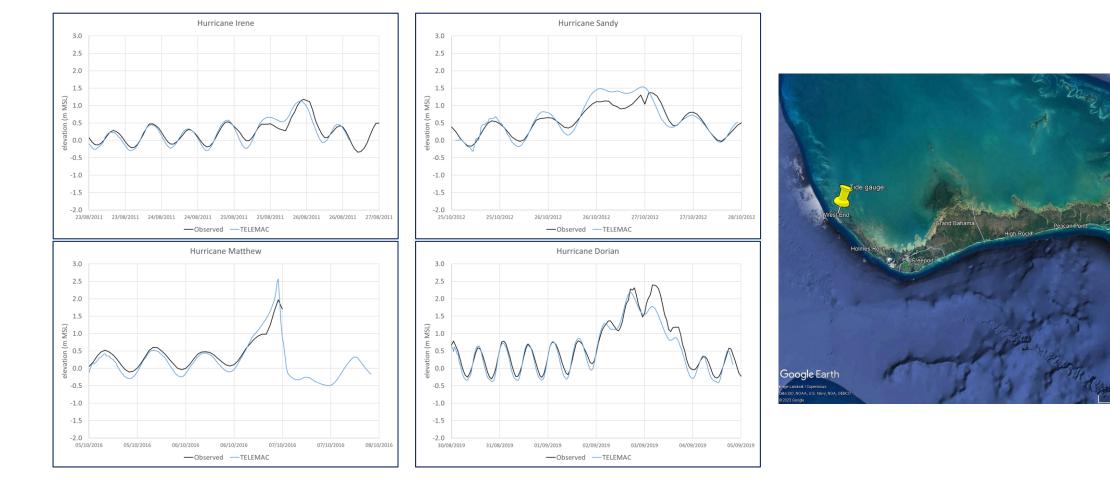


Hurricane Dorian simulation



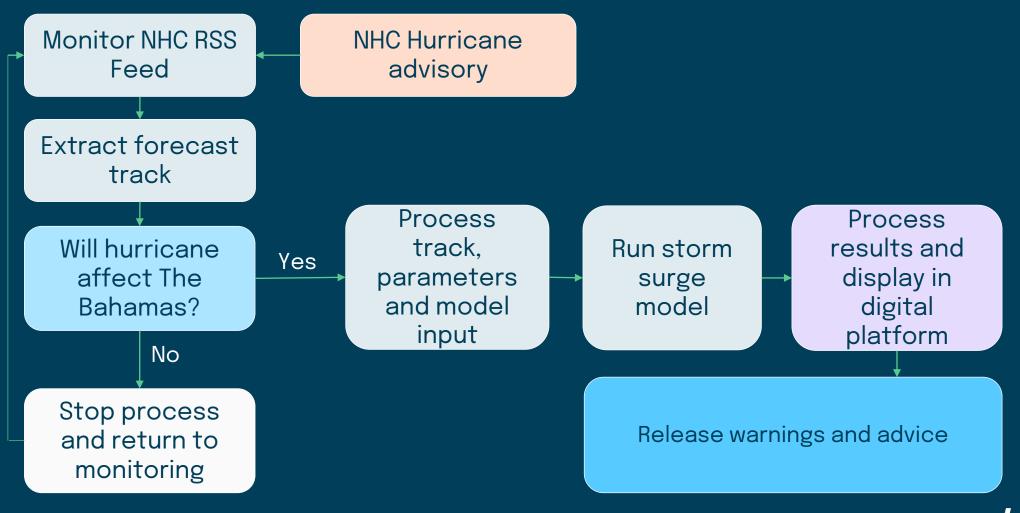
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Validation – Tide gauge at West End, Grand Bahama



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Storm surge forecast process

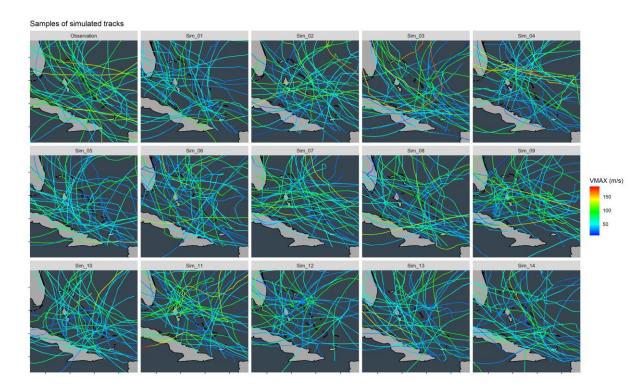


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Storm surge atlas

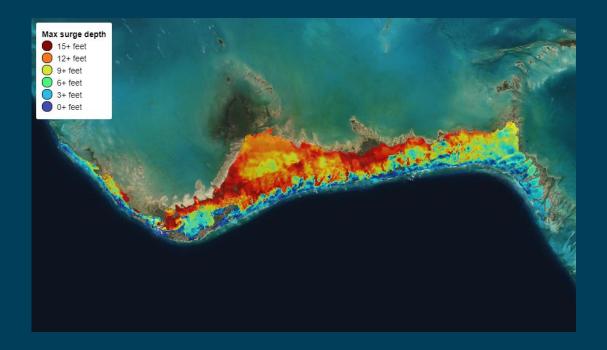
Probabilistic method

- Need to increase sample size for accurate flood risk assessment
- Stochastic track generation based on Grey and Liu (2019)
- Statistical analysis of historical hurricane tracks
- Generate 10,000 years of tracks with same statistical properties
- Model most severe synthetic cyclones affecting islands of interest





Extreme flood depths



1:100 year return period flood



Current hurricane warnings and advisories from the National Hurricane Centre

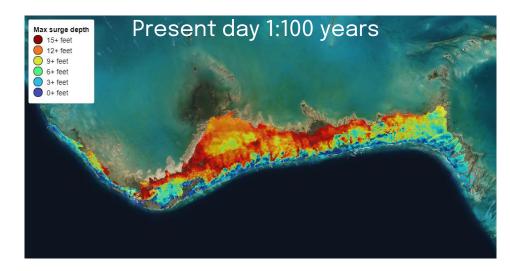


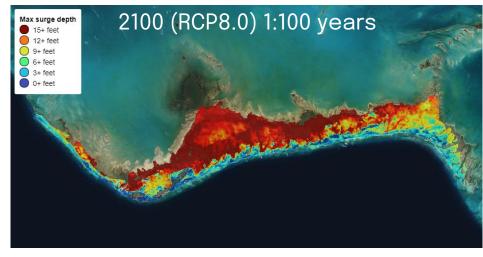
Climate change scenarios

Four scenarios:

- Present day
- 2055:
 - MSL increased by +0.3m
 - 5% increase in wind speed
- 2100 (RCP4.5):
 - MSL increased by +0.55m
 - 10% increase in wind speed
- 2100 (RCP8.0):
 - MSL increased by +0.84m
 - 10% increase in wind speed

IPCC 2019 (Oppenheimer 2019)





Summary

Storm surge model

- TELEMAC-2D model of The Bahamas
- Based on topographic surveys of Grand Bahama and Eleuthera
- Publicly available bathymetry
- Validated for four hurricanes
- Deterministic forecast based on NHC hurricane warning bulletins
- Installed and operated by Bahamas Department of Meteorology

Storm surge atlas

- The likelihood of locations being affected by flooding
- Preparation for emergencies
- Planning regulations
- Selecting sites for development to minimise exposure to flooding
- Designing infrastructure to withstand flooding



Further work

Improvements to the existing model:

- Bathymetric surveys over shallows close to islands
- Network of tide gauges benchmarked to land datum
 - Further validation of model

Extend the model and atlas to include all of The Bahamas

- The model has been set up so that other islands can be included later
- Require LiDAR, bathymetric surveys & tide gauges
- Run synthetic hurricanes specific to the other islands

Probabilistic forecast involving ensemble modelling

