Could the historical storm tides in the German Bight have been higher than they occurred?

Dr. Elke M. I. Meyer

Hereon Institute of Coastal Systems

04 October 2023 Notre Dame, IN



The highest observed water levels in the German Bight



Storm tide criteria by the Federal Maritime and Hydrographic Agency (BSH): Very severe storm tide: > 3.5m above mean high tide Severe storm tide: 2.5 - 3.5m above mean high tide



Mean Sea-Level Pressure charts





15°E

15°W

15°E

15°W

Atmospheric Forcing

Reanalysis	Short form	Ensemble member	Starting year	Spatial resolution	Temporal resolution
20 th Century Reanalysis Project version 2c	20CRv2c	56	1851	2° x 2°	6-/3-hourly
20 th Century Reanalysis Project version 3	20CRv3	80	1836	1° x 1°	3-hourly
ECMWF ERA5	ERA5	1	1940	0.25° x 0.25°	1-hourly
ECMWF UERRA-HARMONIE	UERRA	1	1961	11 km x 11 km	1-hourly
DWD OptempS	OPTEMPS	1	1962	0.06° x 0.06°	1-hourly



-5000 -3000 -1000 -500 -400 -300 -200 -100 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 -0

Trim-NP Tidal Residual and Intertidal Mudflat model – Nested and Parallelized

Grid1 Grid2 Grid3 Grid4 12.8km 6.4km 3.2km 1.6km

Hourly output of model data

(Tide)-data from FES2004 are used at lateral boundaries



16 Feb 1962

6

5

4

3

2

0

-1

-2

-3

-6

60

58

56°

54

52

_5 50

-4

-2°



Imholtz-Zentrum

16 Feb 1962; 22:00 UTC

5

Wind speed and water level for 16-17 February 1962



Time





Wind speed Helgoland









Norderney





Husum





9

hereon





Storm tide event 03/04 Feb 1825

10

Maximum water level

Summary

- Forced by single ensemble members of 20CR and UERRA, the hydrodynamic model can simulate higher water levels than observed.
- The model runs forced by ERA5 resulted in lower water levels than observations.
- Shifting the tides to spring tides increases the water levels by several decimetres.
- The observed water level of the severe storm tide of 03 January 1976 could not be simulated.

Meyer, E. M. I. and Gaslikova, L.: Investigation of historical severe storms and storm tides in the German Bight with century reanalysis data, EGUsphere [preprint], https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2023-2068, 2023.



Vielen Dank

Dr. Elke Meyer Hereon Institute of Coastal Systems

Max-Planck-Straße 1 21502 Geesthacht elke.meyer@hereon.de

www.hereon.de/coastalsystems







